

## SEARCH REQUEST FORM

## Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Mike Miller Examiner # 69404 Date: 12/20/2000  
 Art Unit: 1651 Phone Number 308-4250 Serial Number: 09/197,427  
 Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: 1146 Floor 11 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL  
AM 10 A03

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: Process for the Preparation of Aminoalcohol

Inventors (please provide full names): Walter Brieden, Tosef Schroer, Christine  
Rey Negroni, Carl W. Maria, Livamp, Michael Paterson, Jean-Paul Pol,  
Katja Kirsch, Holger Freitach.

\*For Sequence Searches Only\* Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

11/27/1997  
Please search claims 1-5

Point of Contact:  
 Susan Hanley  
 Technical Info. Specialist  
 CM1 12C14 Tel: 305-4053

## STAFF USE ONLY

Searcher Name: Miller  
 Searcher Phone #: 308-4250  
 Searcher Location: 1146  
 Date Searcher Picked Up: 12/28  
 Date Completed: 12/29  
 Searcher Prep & Review Time: 90  
 Clerical Prep Time: 5  
 Online Time: 5

## Type of Search

NA Sequence (#) \_\_\_\_\_  
 AA Sequence (#) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Structure (#) 2  
 Bibliographic \_\_\_\_\_  
 Litigation \_\_\_\_\_  
 Fulltext \_\_\_\_\_  
 Patent Family \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other \_\_\_\_\_

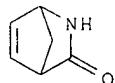
## Vendors and cost where applicable

STN \_\_\_\_\_  
 Dialog \_\_\_\_\_  
 Questel/Orbit \_\_\_\_\_  
 Dr. Link \_\_\_\_\_  
 Lexis/Nexis \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sequence Systems \_\_\_\_\_  
 WWW/Internet \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_

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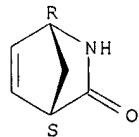
L57 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1999:425590 HCAPLUS  
 DN 131:73379  
 TI Preparation of 4-amino-2-cyclopentenemethanol enantiomers as drug  
 intermediates  
 IN Brieden, Walter; Schroer, Josef; Bernegger-Egli, Christine; Urban, Eva  
 Maria; Petersen, Michael; Roduit, Jean-Paul; Berchtold, Katja; Breitbach,  
 Holger  
 PA Lonza A.-G., Switz.  
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 28 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DT Patent  
 LA German  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI EP 926131	A2	19990630	EP 1998-192293	19981124
EP 926131	A3	20000322		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
NO 9805511	A	19990528	NO 1998-5511	19981126
CN 1218795	A	19990609	CN 1998-123022	19981127
JP 11228510	A2	19990824	JP 1998-337437	19981127
PRAI CH 1997-2739		19971127		
CH 1997-2781		19971203		
CH 1998-133		19980121		
CH 1998-723		19980327		
EP 1998-118895		19981007		
AB Title compds. were prep'd. by metal <b>hydride</b> redn. of 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one.				
IT 49805-30-3, 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one. 79200-56-9 , (-)-2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one. 162307-09-7				
RL: RCT (Reactant) (prepn. of 4-amino-2-cyclopentenemethanol enantiomers as drug intermediates)				
RN 49805-30-3 HCAPLUS				
CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				



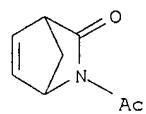
RN 79200-56-9 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, (1R,4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 162307-09-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-acetyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MELLER 09/198, 427

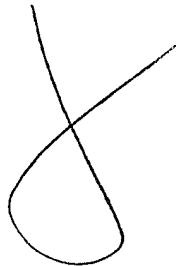
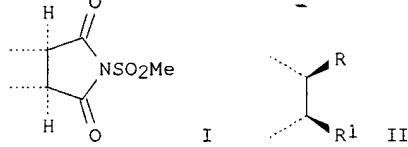


SEARCHED BY SUSAN HANLEY 305-4053

Page 2

=> d bib abs hitstr 157 2

L57 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1996:322775 HCPLUS  
 DN 125:195018  
 TI Nonreductive enantioselective ring opening of N-(methylsulfonyl)dicarboximides with diisopropoxytitanium  
 .alpha.,.alpha.,.alpha.'-.alpha.'-tetraaryl-1,3-dioxolane-4,5-dimethanolate  
 AU Ramon, Diego J.; Guillena, Gabriela; Seebach, Dieter  
 CS Laboratorium Organische Chemie, Univ. Zurich, Zurich, CH-8092, Switz.  
 SO Helv. Chim. Acta (1996), 79(3), 875-894  
 CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 OS CASREACT 125:195018  
 GI

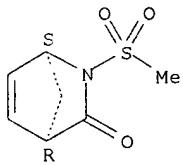


AB Bi- and tricyclic meso-N-(methylsulfonyl)dicarboximides of type I are converted enantioselectively to the resp. mono- and bicyclic [(sulfonamido)carbonyl]carboxylates of type II (R = CO<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>1</sub> = CONHSO<sub>2</sub>Me) by diisopropoxytitanium TADDOLate (75-92% yield). The enantiomer ratios of the products are between 86:14 and 97:3. Recrystn. from CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/hexane leads to enantiomerically pure products. The enantioselectivity shows a linear relationship with the enantiomer excess of the TADDOL employed. Redn. of the ester and carboxamide groups and addnl. reductive cleavage of the sulfonamido group gives hydroxy sulfonamides and **amino alcs.** of type II (R = CH<sub>2</sub>OH; R<sub>1</sub> = NH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>Me) and II (R = CH<sub>2</sub>OH; R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>), resp. The abs. configuration of the sulfonamido esters is detd. by chem. correlation, by the x-ray anal. of a camphanate of a hydroxy sulfonamide, and by comparative <sup>19</sup>F-NMR anal. of the Mosher esters of the hydroxy sulfonamides. A general proposal for the assignment of the abs. configuration of primary alcs. and amines of Formula HXCH<sub>2</sub>CHR<sub>1</sub> (X = O, NH), is suggested. From the assignment of the configuration of the sulfonamido esters follows that the Re carbonyl group of the original imide I is converted to an iso-Pr ester group. This result is compatible with a rule previously put forward for the stereochem. course of reactions involving Ti TADDOLate activated chelating electrophiles. A tentative mechanistic model is proposed.

IT 180979-43-5P  
 RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (nonreductive enantioselective ring opening of N-(methylsulfonyl)dicarboximides with diisopropoxytitanium TADDOLate)

RN 180979-43-5 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(methylsulfonyl)-, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



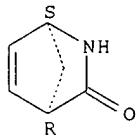
IT 130931-83-8

RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (nonreductive enantioselective ring opening of N-(methylsulfonyl)dicarboximides with diisopropoxytitanium TADDOLate)

RN 130931-83-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, (1S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

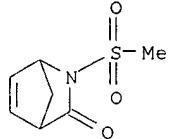


IT 180790-32-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (nonreductive enantioselective ring opening of N-(methylsulfonyl)dicarboximides with diisopropoxytitanium TADDOLate)

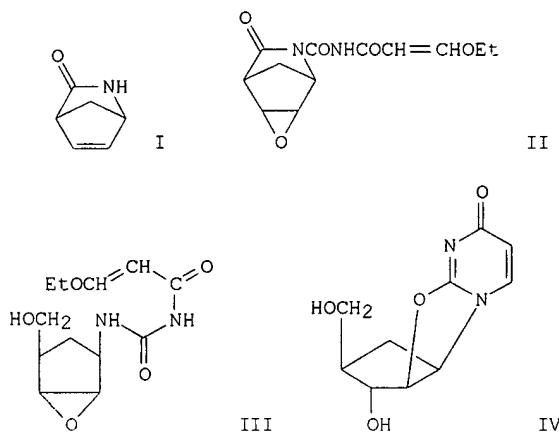
RN 180790-32-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(methylsulfonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



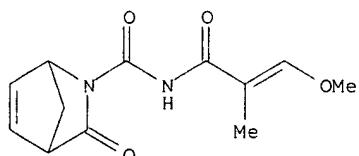
=> d bib abs hitstr 157 3

L57 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AN 1991:632737 HCPLUS  
DN 115:232737  
TI Synthesis of nucleosides and related compounds. XXII. Carbocyclic  
analogos of thymidine and related compounds from 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-  
en-3-ones  
AU Katagiri, Nobuya; Nomura, Masahiro; Muto, Makoto; Kaneko, Chikara  
CS Pharm. Inst., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, 980, Japan  
SO Chem. Pharm. Bull. (1991), 39(7), 1682-8  
CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363  
DT Journal  
LA English  
GI



AB Reductive amido bond cleavage, previously used for the synthesis of carbocyclic ribothymidine from the readily available 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one (I), was successfully applied to the synthesis of carbocyclic analogs of thymidine and related compds. Thus, epoxidn. of I gave 5,6-exo-epoxy-2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-3-one which was treated with 3-ethoxyacryloyl chloride and AgOCN to give amido deriv. II. The latter was reduced by **NaBH4** to give hydroxymethylcyclopentane deriv. III which was cyclized in MeOH contg. NH4OH to give carbocyclic analog of O2',2'-cyclouridine IV.

IT 136994-68-8P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and redn. of)  
RN 136994-68-8 HCAPLUS  
CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxamide, N-(3-methoxy-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-  
propenyl)-3-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



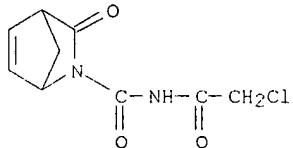
MELLER 09/198,427

=> d bib abs hitstr 157 4

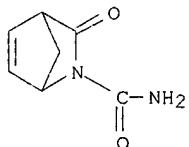
L57 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1991:142741 HCAPLUS  
 DN 114:142741  
 TI cis-4-Ureidopent-2-enemethanol and its preparation  
 IN Kaneko, Chikara; Katagiri, Shinya  
 PA Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 02221250	A2	19900904	JP 1989-44738	19890223

OS MARPAT 114:142741  
 AB The title compd. (I), useful as an intermediate for carbocyclic pyrimidine nucleosides, is prepd. by reductive ring opening of 2-carbamoyl-2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-3-one or its N-haloacetyl derivs. 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-3-one was treated with ClCH<sub>2</sub>CONCO in benzene under stirring at room temp. for 1.5 h to give 69% 2-(N-chloroacetyl)carbamoyl-2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-3-one, which in MeOH was treated with NaBH<sub>4</sub> at room temp. for 3 h to give 59% I.  
 IT 132243-25-5P 132243-26-6P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and **reductive** ring opening of,  
 ureidocyclopentenemethanol from)  
 RN 132243-25-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxamide, N-(chloroacetyl)-3-oxo- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 132243-26-6 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxamide, 3-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> d bib abs hitstr 157 5

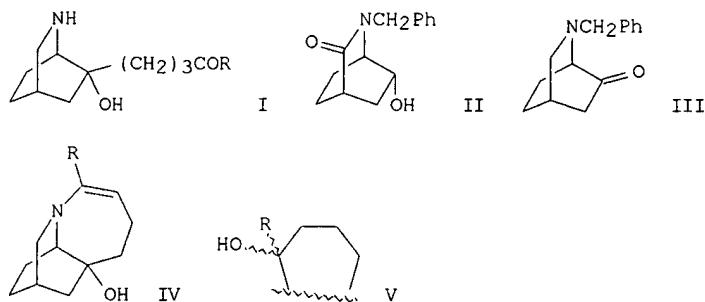
L57 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AN 1991:102661 HCPLUS  
DN 114:102661  
TI Carbocyclic nucleoside analogs. Synthesis and properties of  
1-(4-hydroxymethyl-2-cyclopenten-1-yl)thymine  
AU Van Maarschalkerwaart, D. A. H.; Willard, N. P.; Koomen, G. J.  
CS Org. Chem. Lab., Univ. Amsterdam, 1018 WS, Neth.  
SO Nucleosides Nucleotides (1990), 9(6), 787-91  
CODEN: NUNUD5; ISSN: 0732-8311  
DT Journal  
LA English  
OS CASREACT 114:102661  
AB The title compd., a potential anti-AIDS drug, was prep'd. via construction  
of the thymine ring on a suitably substituted aminocyclopentene. NOE  
difference spectroscopy was used for establishing the stereochem. of the  
products.  
IT **61865-48-3**  
RL: RCT (Reactant)  
(reactions of, in synthesis of carbocyclic nucleoside analogs)  
RN 61865-48-3 HCPLUS

7

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=> d bib abs hitstr 157 6

L57 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1977:72408 HCAPLUS  
 DN 86:72408  
 TI Heterocyclic .alpha.-amino alcohols with the  
 isoquinuclidine skeleton, II  
 AU Thon, Detlev; Schneider, Woldemar  
 CS Pharm. Inst., Univ. Freiburg, Freiburg/Br., Ger.  
 SO Justus Liebigs Ann. Chem. (1976), (11), 2094-104  
 CODEN: JLACBF  
 DT Journal  
 LA German  
 GI



AB Amino ketones I (R = Me, Et) were prepd. in 7 steps from keto alc. II and Cl(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>C(Z)R<sub>1</sub> (R = Me, Et, Z = O) via Grignard reaction of Cl(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>C(Z)R (R = Me, Et, Z = OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O) with ketone III. Thermal cyclization of I gave tricyclic enamines IV via unisolated amino alcs. V.

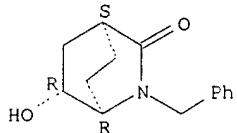
IT 5906-38-7

RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (O-acylation of)

RN 5906-38-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one, 6-hydroxy-2-(phenylmethyl)-,  
 (1.alpha.,4.alpha.,6.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



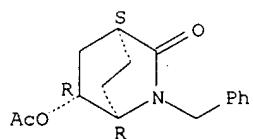
IT 5906-39-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and redn. of)

RN 5906-39-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one, 6-(acetoxy)-2-(phenylmethyl)-,  
 (1.alpha.,4.alpha.,6.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



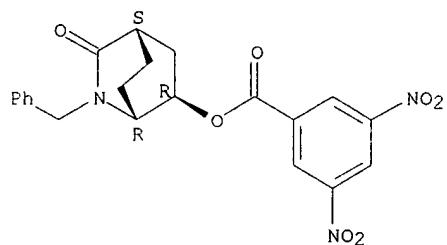
IT **61707-36-6P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 61707-36-6 HCPLUS

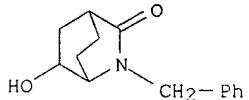
CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one, 6-[(3,5-dinitrobenzoyl)oxy]-2-  
(phenylmethyl)-, (1.alpha.,4.alpha.,6.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



=> d bib abs hitstr 157 7

L57 ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1973:418547 HCAPLUS  
 DN 79:18547  
 TI Improved synthesis of 2-substituted 2-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octanones  
 AU Borne, Ronald F.; Clark, C. Randall; Peden, Richard L.  
 CS Sch. Pharm., Univ. Mississippi, University, Miss., USA  
 SO J. Heterocycl. Chem. (1973), 10(2), 241-2  
 CODEN: JHTCAD  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB 2-Benzyl-2-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-6-one (I) was prepd. from  
 2-benzyl-6-trans-hydroxy-2-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane (II, X = H<sub>2</sub>) in 77%  
 yield by the Oppenauer oxidn. using KOCMe<sub>3</sub>. II was prepd. in 80% yield  
 from 2-benzyl-6-trans-hydroxy-2-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one (II, X = O)  
 redn. using Red-Al. Other **amino alcs.** were also  
 oxidized by this method.  
 IT 38025-71-7  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (redn. of)  
 RN 38025-71-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one, 6-hydroxy-1-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)



=> d bib abs hitstr 157 8

L57 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1968:419316 HCPLUS  
 DN 69:19316  
 TI Reactions of dl-camphoric acid derivatives  
 AU Manzoor-I-Khuda, M.; Akhter, Mrs. Malika; Quereishi, Shahida  
 CS Cent. Lab., Pakistan Counc. Sci. Ind. Res., Pakistan, India  
 SO Pakistan J. Sci. Ind. Res. (1967), 10(2), 97-101  
 CODEN: PSIRAA  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB The amides of dl-ortho-camphoric acid and dl-allo-camphoric acid are prepd. under mild conditions and examd. by ir and N.M.R. spectroscopy to give conclusive evidence of stereoisomerism. Thus, the reaction of 20 g. Me ortho-camphorate (I) with 7.4 ml. SOC12 1 hr. at room temp., evapn. of excess SOC12 in vacuo at room temp., and addn. of the ester acid chloride to 400 ml. liq. NH3 gave ortho-camphoric Me ester amide (m. 134-6.degree.). Further treatment of the aq. ammonia soln. gave unchanged I (m. 83.degree.), camphoric **anhydride** (m. 220-1.degree.), camphorimide (II) (m. 245.degree.), and III, (m. 172.degree.). Similar treatment of Me allo-camphorate gave allo-camphoric Me ester amide (m. 120.degree.), II (m. 250.degree.), and a cycloamide (IV, m. 209-10.degree.). .alpha.-Camphoramidic acid (V) (m. 192.degree.; Me ester m. 120.degree.) was prepd. by adding 2 g. camphoric **anhydride** to 50 ml. 35% aq. NH3 and acidifying the filtrate with HCl. .beta.-Camphoramidic acid (VI) (m. 175.degree.; Me ester m. 135-6.degree.) was prepd. by refluxing 1 g. II in 50 ml. 5% NaOH, acidifying the mixt., treating the ether ext. with Na2CO3, acidifying the alk. soln., extg. with ether, and evapg. Thus, the Me esters of V and VI are identical with the allo- and ortho-ester amides, resp. LiAlH4 redn. of the ester amides in tetrahydrofuran gave **amino alc.** having superimposable ir spectra but different HCl and diacetate derivs.; ortho-camphoramine alc.-HCl m. 250.degree.; diacetate b2.cntdot.0 180-90.degree.; and allo-camphoramine alc.-HCl m. 256.degree.; diacetate b4 215-20.degree.. Redn. of II gave an oil which on treatment with HCl gave camphorimine-HCl, m. 282-8.degree..

IT 19908-58-8P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)  
 RN 19908-58-8 HCPLUS

=> d bib abs hitstr 119 1

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 2000:756683 HCPLUS

DN 133:309906

TI Method for producing 2-alkylthio-4-chloropyrimidines

IN Roduit, Jean-Paul

PA Lonza A.-G., Switz.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

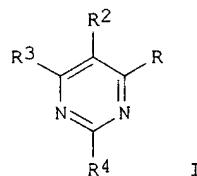
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 2000063184	A1	20001026	WO 2000-EP3136	20000407
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRAI EP 1999-107621 19990416

OS CASREACT 133:309906; MARPAT 133:309906

GI



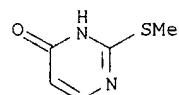
AB Title compds. (I; R = Cl; R2,R3 = H or alkyl; R4 = SR1; R1 = alkyl) were prep'd. by S-alkylation of I (R = OH)(II; R4 = SH) by R1X (X = Cl, Br, iodo) in the presence of a base to give II (R4 = SR1) followed by treatment with COCl2.

IT 5751-20-2P, 4-Hydroxy-2-methylthiopyrimidine

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (method for producing 2-alkylthio-4-chloropyrimidines)

RN 5751-20-2 HCPLUS

CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2-(methylthio)- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

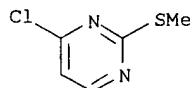


IT 49844-90-8P, 4-Chloro-2-methylthiopyrimidine

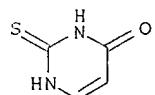
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (method for producing 2-alkylthio-4-chloropyrimidines)

RN 49844-90-8 HCPLUS

CN Pyrimidine, 4-chloro-2-(methylthio)- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **141-90-2**, 2-Thiouracil  
RL: RCT (Reactant)  
(method for producing 2-alkylthio-4-chloropyrimidines)  
RN 141-90-2 HCAPLUS  
CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2,3-dihydro-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



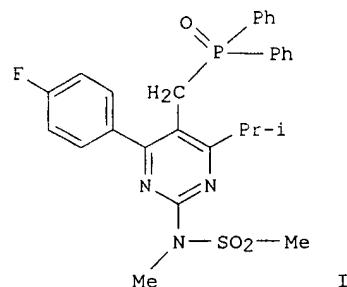
RE.CNT 3  
RE  
(1) Alan, R; JOURNAL OF THE CHEMICAL SOCIETY, PERKIN TRANSACTIONS 2 1989, V10,  
P1499  
(2) Hoechst; DE 4029650 A 1992 HCAPLUS  
(3) Zemlicka, J; TETRAHEDRON LETTERS 1962, V9, P397

=&gt; d bib abs hitstr 119 2

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 2000:645675 HCAPLUS  
 DN 133:238117  
 TI Process for the preparation of n-[5-(diphenylphosphinylmethyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-isopropylpyrimidin-2-yl]-n-methylmethansulfonamide  
 IN Brieden, Walter; Veith, Ulrich  
 PA Lonza A.-G., Switz.  
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent  
 LA German  
 FAN.CNT 1

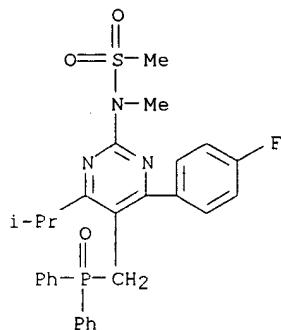
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI EP 1035127	A1	20000913	EP 2000-105011	20000309
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
US 6160115	A	20001212	US 2000-521842	20000309
JP 2000309595	A2	20001107	JP 2000-66084	20000310
CN 1272499	A	20001108	CN 2000-103783	20000310
PRAI EP 1999-104785		19990310		
EP 1999-104786		19990310		
US 1999-147139		19990804		
OS CASREACT 133:238117				
GI				



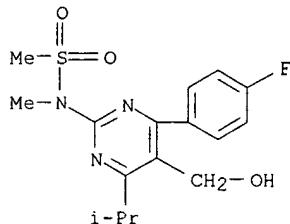
AB Title compd. I was prepd. in 89% yield by direct reaction of [4-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-isopropyl-2-(N-methyl-N-methylsulfonylamino)pyrimidin-5-yl]methanol with Ph2PCl in toluene at 60.degree.. I is an intermediate in the synthesis of pharmaceutically active agents, in particular, HMG-Co A reductase inhibitors.

IT 289042-10-0P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)

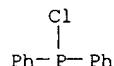
RN 289042-10-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[5-[(diphenylphosphinyl)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-(1-methylethyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **147118-36-3**  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (reaction with chlorodiphenylphosphine)  
 RN 147118-36-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(hydroxymethyl)-6-(1-methylethyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **1079-66-9**, Chlorodiphenylphosphine  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (reaction with substituted pyrimidinylmethanol deriv.)  
 RN 1079-66-9 HCAPLUS  
 CN Phosphinous chloride, diphenyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 4  
 RE  
 (1) Buss, A; JOURNAL OF THE CHEMICAL SOCIETY, PERKIN TRANSACTIONS 1 1985  
 (2) Halmann, M; PHOSPHORUS SULFUR RELAT ELEM 1988, V40(3-4), P251 HCAPLUS  
 (3) Shionogi Seiyaku K K; EP 0521471 A 1993 HCAPLUS  
 (4) Watanabe, M; BIOORG MED CHEM 1997, V5(2), P437 HCAPLUS

=&gt; d bib abs hitstr 119 3

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 2000:441376 HCAPLUS  
 DN 133:58809

TI Process for the preparation of N-(amino-4,6-dihalo-5-pyrimidinyl

)formamides

IN Saikali, Elie; Brieden, Walter

PA Lonza A.-G., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 7 pp.

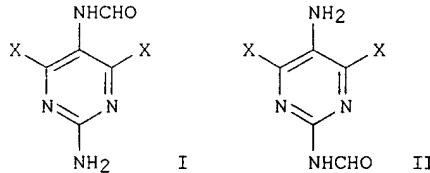
CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI EP 1013647	A2	20000628	EP 1999-125042	19991215
EP 1013647	A3	20001004		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
JP 2000191647	A2	20000711	JP 1999-359778	19991217
CN 1265393	A	20000906	CN 1999-126244	19991217
NO 9906325	A	20000622	NO 1999-6325	19991220
PRAI EP 1998-124188		19981221		
EP 1999-100788		19990118		
EP 1999-107161		19990412		
US 1999-146106		19990729		
OS CASREACT 133:58809; MARPAT 133:58809				
GI				



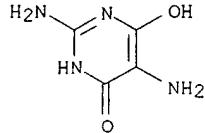
AB Title compds. I (X = halo) and II (X = halo) were prepd. Thus, 0.01 mol 2,5-diamino-4,6-dichloropyrimidine and 4.55 mL water were stirred at room temp., 14.97 mL 98% HCO<sub>2</sub>H was added, and the reaction mixt. was heated at 50-55.degree. for 3 h. After azeotropic distn., I (X = Cl) was obtained in 90% yield.

IT 70080-76-1

RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (chlorination of)

RN 70080-76-1 HCAPLUS

CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2,5-diamino-6-hydroxy-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

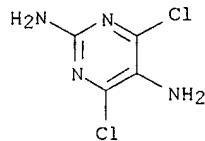


x HCl

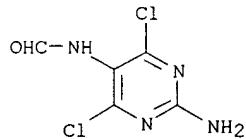
IT 55583-59-0, 2,5-Diamino-4,6-dichloropyrimidine

SEARCHED BY SUSAN HANLEY 305-4053

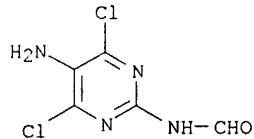
RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (prepn. and formylation of)  
 RN 55583-59-0 HCPLUS  
 CN 2,5-Pyrimidinediamine, 4,6-dichloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 171887-03-9P 276856-48-5P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)  
 RN 171887-03-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Formamide, N-(2-amino-4,6-dichloro-5-pyrimidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 276856-48-5 HCPLUS  
 CN Formamide, N-(5-amino-4,6-dichloro-2-pyrimidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 64-18-6, Formic acid, reactions  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (prepn. of N-(amino-4,6-dihalo-5-pyrimidinyl)formamides)  
 RN 64-18-6 HCPLUS  
 CN Formic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O=CH-OH

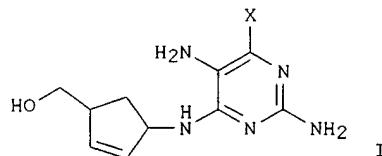
=&gt; d bib abs hitstr 119 4

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 2000:314678 HCAPLUS  
 DN 132:308602  
 TI Preparation of 4-[(2,5-diamino-6-**halopyrimidin**  
 -4-yl)amino]cyclopent-2-enylmethanols from 2,5-diamino-4,6-  
 di**halopyrimidines** and 4-aminocyclopent-2-enylmethanol.

IN Brieden, Walter; Saikali, Elie  
 PA Lonza A.-G., Switz.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent  
 LA German  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
			-----	
PI WO 2000026193	A1	20000511	WO 1999-EP8270	19991029
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRAI	EP 1998-120529	19981030		
	US 1999-146105	19990729		
OS	CASREACT	132:308602		
GI				



AB Title compds. (I; X = halo) were prep'd. by reaction of 2,5-diamino-4,6-**dihalopyrimidines** with 4-aminocyclopent-2-enylmethanol in the presence of base and in a polar protic solvent. Thus, (1S,4R)-4-aminocyclopent-2-enylmethanol hydrochloride, 2,5-diamino-4,6-**dichloropyrimidine**, and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> were refluxed 16 h in EtOH to give 60% I (X = Cl).

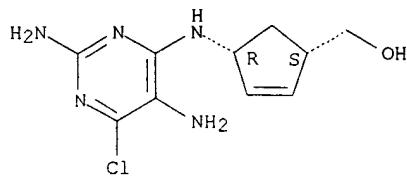
IT 141271-12-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of 4-[(2,5-diamino-6-**halopyrimidin**  
 -4-yl)amino]cyclopent-2-enylmethanols from 2,5-diamino-4,6-  
 di**halopyrimidines** and 4-aminocyclopent-2-enylmethanol)

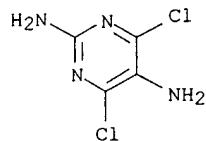
RN 141271-12-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-[(2,5-diamino-6-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]-,  
 (1S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 55583-59-0, 2,5-Diamino-4,6-dichloropyrimidine  
 168960-19-8 229177-39-3  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (prepn. of 4-[(2,5-diamino-6-halopyrimidin-4-yl)amino]cyclopent-2-enylmethanols from 2,5-diamino-4,6-dihalopyrimidines and 4-aminocyclopent-2-enylmethanol)  
 RN 55583-59-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2,5-Pyrimidinediamine, 4,6-dichloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



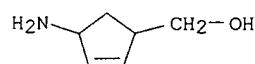
RN 168960-19-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-amino-, hydrochloride, (1S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● HCl

RN 229177-39-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 9  
 RE  
 (1) Andersen, M; TETRAHEDRON LETTERS, NL, ELSEVIER SCIENCE 1996, V37(45), P8147 HCAPLUS  
 (2) Beecham Group Plc; WO 9101310 A 1991 HCAPLUS  
 (3) Evans, C; JOURNAL OF THE CHEMICAL SOCIETY 1992, 5, P589 HCAPLUS  
 (4) Legraverend, M; SYNTHESIS 1990, 7, P587 HCAPLUS  
 (5) Lonza Ag; EP 0684236 A 1995 HCAPLUS  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=&gt; d bib abs hitstr 119 5

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1999:289436 HCPLUS  
 DN 130:311703  
 TI Preparation of N-arylheteroaromatic carboxamides  
 IN Roduit, Jean-Paul; Kalbermatten, Georges  
 PA Lonza A.-G., Switz.  
 SO U.S., 8 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 850,393.  
 CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 5900484	A	19990504	US 1997-926455	19970910
US 5892032	A	19990406	US 1997-850393	19970502
PRAI CH 1996-2279	19960918			
US 1997-850393	19970502			
CH 1996-1178	19960509			

OS CASREACT 130:311703; MARPAT 130:311703

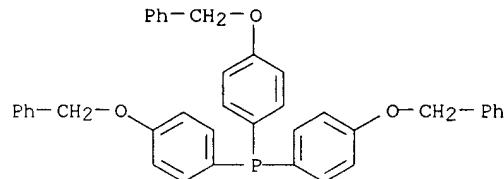
AB RCONR6R7 [R = (un)substituted pyridinyl, -pyrimidinyl, -pyrazinyl, etc.; R6 = H or alkyl; R7 = (un)substituted (hetero)aryl] were prepd. by condensation of RR1 (R1 = Cl, Br, iodo), CO, and HNR6R7 in the presence of a Pd phosphine complex.

IT 223626-61-7

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of)

RN 223626-61-7 HCPLUS

CN Phosphine, tris[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

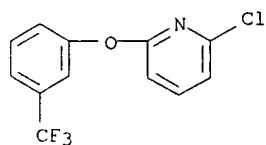


IT 153564-24-0P 197565-66-5P 199276-46-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of N-arylheteroarom. carboxamides)

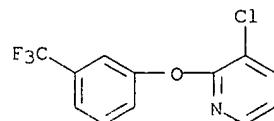
RN 153564-24-0 HCPLUS

CN Pyridine, 2-chloro-6-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

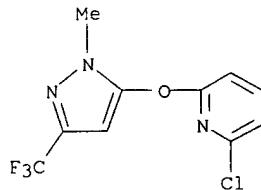


RN 197565-66-5 HCPLUS

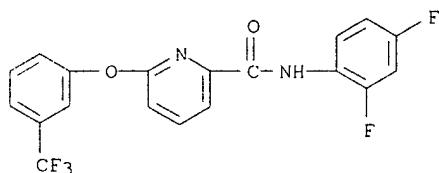
CN Pyridine, 3-chloro-2-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



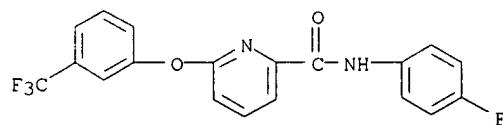
RN 199276-46-5 HCPLUS  
 CN Pyridine, 2-chloro-6-[(1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)oxy]-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



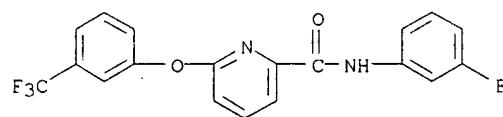
IT 137640-96-1P 137641-05-5P 137641-18-0P  
 137641-25-9P 137641-28-2P 157328-69-3P  
 157328-74-0P 223609-23-2P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP  
 (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of N-arylheteroarom. carboxamides)  
 RN 137640-96-1 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-6-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



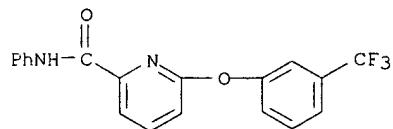
RN 137641-05-5 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



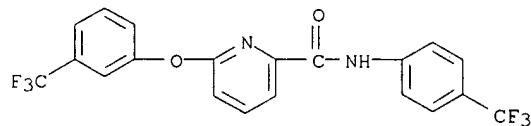
IT 137641-18-0 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-(3-fluorophenyl)-6-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



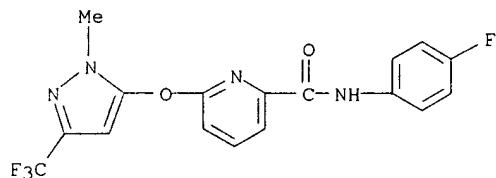
RN 137641-25-9 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-phenyl-6-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



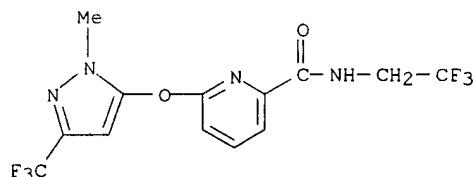
RN 137641-28-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 6-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



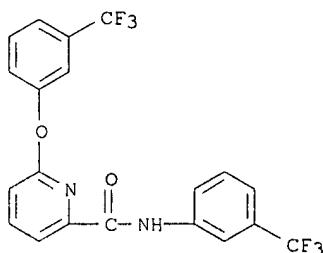
RN 157328-69-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-[(1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



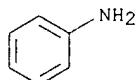
RN 157328-74-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 6-[(1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)oxy]-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



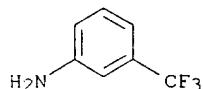
RN 223609-23-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Pyridinecarboxamide, 6-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



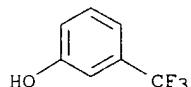
IT 62-53-3, Aniline, reactions 98-16-8,  
 3-Trifluoromethylaniline 98-17-9, 3-Trifluoromethylphenol  
 367-25-9, 2,4-Difluoroaniline 371-40-4, 4-Fluoroaniline  
 372-19-0, 3-Fluoroaniline 455-14-1, 4-  
 Trifluoromethylaniline 2402-77-9, 2,3-Dichloropyridine  
 2402-78-0, 2,6-Dichloropyridine 122431-37-2  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (prepn. of N-arylheteroarom. carboxamides)  
 RN 62-53-3 HCPLUS  
 CN Benzenamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



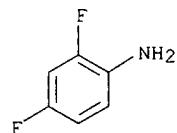
RN 98-16-8 HCPLUS  
 CN Benzenamine, 3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



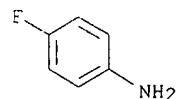
RN 98-17-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Phenol, 3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



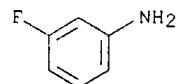
RN 367-25-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Benzenamine, 2,4-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 371-40-4 HCPLUS  
 CN Benzenamine, 4-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

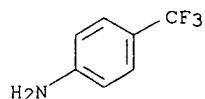


RN 372-19-0 HCPLUS  
 CN Benzenamine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

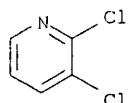


MELLER 09/198,427

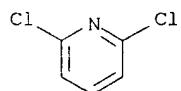
RN 455-14-1 HCAPLUS  
CN Benzenamine, 4-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



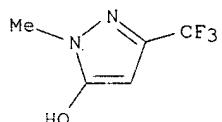
RN 2402-77-9 HCAPLUS  
CN Pyridine, 2,3-dichloro- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 2402-78-0 HCAPLUS  
CN Pyridine, 2,6-dichloro- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 122431-37-2 HCAPLUS  
CN 1H-Pyrazol-5-ol, 1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 41

RE

- (1) Allphin; US 5166352 1992 HCAPLUS
- (2) Anon; 1969 HCAPLUS
- (3) Anon; EP 0001187 1979 HCAPLUS
- (4) Anon; EP 0053011 1982 HCAPLUS
- (5) Anon; 1988 HCAPLUS

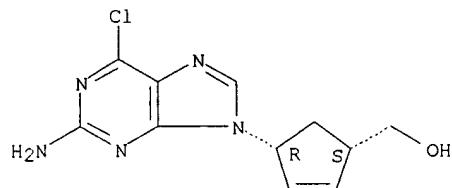
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d bib abs hitstr 119 6

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1998:760072 HCPLUS  
 DN 130:24137  
 TI Multistep process for the preparation of (1S,4R)- and/or (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9-H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol  
 IN Bernegger, Christine; Urban, Eva-Maria; Birch, Olwen  
 Mary; Burgdorf, Kurt; Brux, Frank; Etter, Kay-Sara; Bossard, Pierre;  
 Brieden, Walter; Duc, Laurent; Gordon, John; O'murchu, Colm;  
 Guggisberg, Yves  
 PA Lonza Ag, Switz.  
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 39 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DT Patent  
 LA German  
 FAN.CNT 1

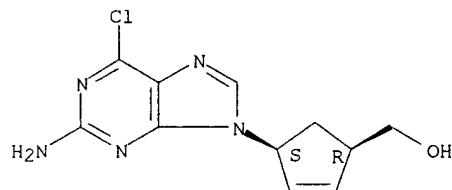
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI EP 878548	A2	19981118	EP 1998-108721	19980513
EP 878548	A3	19991013		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
US 6156893	A	20001205	US 1998-73553	19980506
CA 2237297	AA	19981113	CA 1998-2237297	19980511
NO 9802149	A	19981116	NO 1998-2149	19980512
JP 11005793	A2	19990112	JP 1998-129338	19980512
CN 1201794	A	19981216	CN 1998-108865	19980513
US 6137007	A	20001024	US 1999-373862	19990813
PRAI CH 1997-1116		19970513		
CH 1997-2740		19971127		
US 1998-73553		19980506		
OS MARPAT 130:24137				
AB	A new procedure for the prodn. of (1S,4R)- (I) or (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9-H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol (II) is claimed. (.+-.)-2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one is acylated at the amide NH and the compd. is cleaved to form the racemic acylamino cyclopentene deriv. This is stereospecifically deacylated by a biotechnol. process to produce (1S,4R)- or (1R,4S)-1-amino-4-hydroxymethyl-2-cyclopentene. A 4th step is the reaction with N-(2-amino-4,6-dichloropyrimidine-5-yl)formamide to produce (1S,4R)- and/or (1R,4S)-4-[(2-amino-6-chloro-5-formamido-4-pyrimidinyl)-amino]-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol, which are cyclized to produce compds. I and II.			
IT 9012-56-0P, N-Acetyl L-aminoalcohol hydrolase				
RL	BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (from Rhodococcus erythropolis)			
RN 9012-56-0 HCPLUS				
CN Amidase (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***				
IT 136522-33-3P 216481-88-8P				
RL	BME (Bioindustrial manufature); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (multistep process for the prepn. of (1S,4R)- and/or (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9-H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol)			
RN 136522-33-3 HCPLUS				
CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl)-, (1S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 216481-88-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl)-, (1R,4S)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 168960-19-8P  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (multistep process for the prepn. of (1S,4R)- and/or  
 (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol)  
 RN 168960-19-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-amino-, hydrochloride, (1S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● HCl

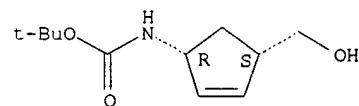
IT 130931-86-1P 168960-18-7P 171887-04-0P  
 216481-85-5P  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (multistep process for the prepn. of (1S,4R)- and/or  
 (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol)  
 RN 130931-86-1 HCAPLUS  
 CN Acetamide, N-[(1R,4S)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



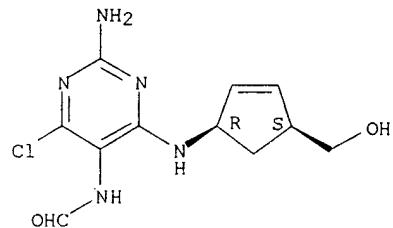
RN 168960-18-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN Carbamic acid, [(1R,4S)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



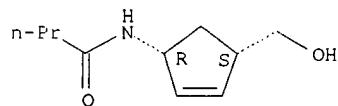
RN 171887-04-0 HCPLUS  
 CN Formamide, N-[2-amino-4-chloro-6-[(1R,4S)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]amino]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 216481-85-5 HCPLUS  
 CN Butanamide, N-[(1R,4S)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



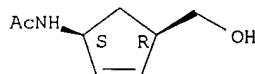
IT 136522-35-5P  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (multistep process for the prepn. of (1S,4R)- and/or  
 (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9-H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol)  
 RN 136522-35-5 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-amino-, (1S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



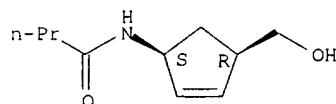
IT 216481-84-4P 216481-86-6P  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL  
 (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (multistep process for the prepn. of (1S,4R)- and/or  
 (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9-H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol)  
 RN 216481-84-4 HCPLUS  
 CN Acetamide, N-[(1S,4R)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

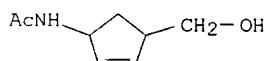


RN 216481-86-6 HCPLUS  
 CN Butanamide, N-[(1S,4R)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

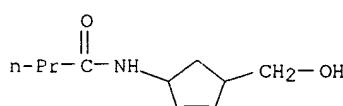
Absolute stereochemistry.



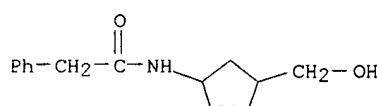
IT 199395-80-7P 199395-81-8P 199395-82-9P  
 199395-84-1P 199395-85-2P 216481-83-3P  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
 (multistep process for the prepn. of (1S,4R)- and/or (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol)  
 RN 199395-80-7 HCPLUS  
 CN Acetamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



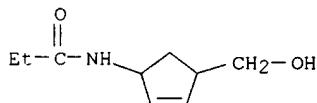
RN 199395-81-8 HCPLUS  
 CN Butanamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



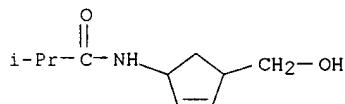
RN 199395-82-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Benzeneacetamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



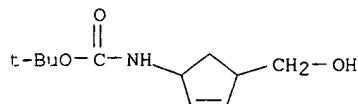
RN 199395-84-1 HCPLUS  
 CN Propanamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 199395-85-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN Propanamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

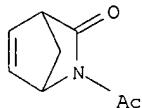


RN 216481-83-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN Carbamic acid, [4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

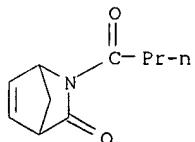


IT 9014-06-6  
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
 (multistep process for the prepn. of (1S,4R)- and/or  
 (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9-H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol)  
 RN 9014-06-6 HCAPLUS  
 CN Amidase, penicillin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

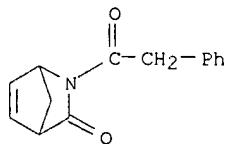
\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
 IT 162307-09-7P 199395-75-0P 199395-76-1P  
 199395-77-2P 199395-78-3P 216481-82-2P  
 216481-87-7P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); SPN  
 (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (multistep process for the prepn. of (1S,4R)- and/or  
 (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9-H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol)  
 RN 162307-09-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-acetyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



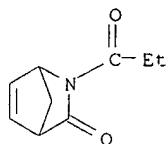
RN 199395-75-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(1-oxobutyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



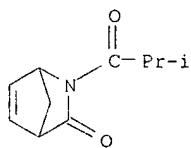
RN 199395-76-1 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(phenylacetyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
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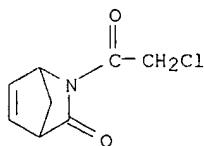
RN 199395-77-2 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(1-oxopropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
 NAME)



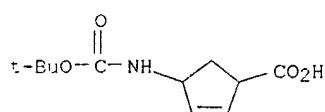
RN 199395-78-3 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)



RN 216481-82-2 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(chloroacetyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
 NAME)



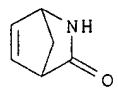
RN 216481-87-7 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-carboxylic acid, 4-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 49805-30-3, 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (multistep process for the prepn. of (1S,4R)- and/or  
 (1R,4S)-4-(2-amino-6-chloro-9-H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol)

RN 49805-30-3 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

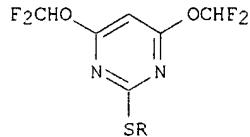
MELLER 09/198,427



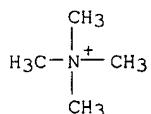
=> d bib abs hitstr 119 7

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1998:133616 HCAPLUS  
 DN 128:140725  
 TI Process for the preparation of 4,6-bis(difluoromethoxy)pyrimidine  
 derivatives  
 IN Naepfli, Andreas; Roduit, Jean-Paul; Wellig, Alain  
 PA Lonza A.-G., Switz.  
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 5 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DT Patent  
 LA German  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI EP 820992	A1	19980128	EP 1997-111345	19970704
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
CA 2208734	AA	19980124	CA 1997-2208734	19970626
JP 10087635	A2	19980407	JP 1997-192189	19970717
PRAI CH 1996-1846		19960724		
OS CASREACT 128:140725; MARPAT 128:140725				
GI				

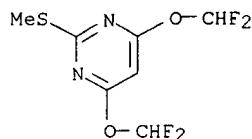


AB Title compds. I [R = alkyl, (un)substituted Ph, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph] were prepd. by treating a **dihydroxypyrimidine** alkali metal salt with ClCHF<sub>2</sub> in presence of a phase transfer catalyst, preferably Me<sub>4</sub>N<sup>+</sup> Cl<sup>-</sup> in a ketone solvent, preferably acetone. Thus, sodium methylthiobarbiturate was treated under pressure with ClCHF<sub>2</sub> in acetone in presence of Me<sub>4</sub>N<sup>+</sup> Cl<sup>-</sup> and aq. NaOH to give 59% I [R = Me].  
 IT 75-57-0, Tetramethylammonium chloride  
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of 4,6-bis(difluoromethoxy)pyrimidines)  
 RN 75-57-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Methanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

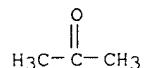


● Cl<sup>-</sup>

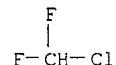
IT 100478-25-9P, 4,6-Bis(difluoromethoxy)-2-methylthiopyrimidine  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of 4,6-bis(difluoromethoxy)pyrimidines)  
 RN 100478-25-9 HCAPLUS  
 CN Pyrimidine, 4,6-bis(difluoromethoxy)-2-(methylthio)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



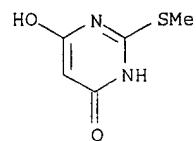
IT 67-64-1, Acetone, uses  
 RL: NNU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of 4,6-bis(difluoromethoxy)pyrimidines)  
 RN 67-64-1 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Propanone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 75-45-6, Chlorodifluoromethane 127697-72-7  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (prepn. of 4,6-bis(difluoromethoxy)pyrimidines)  
 RN 75-45-6 HCAPLUS  
 CN Methane, chlorodifluoro- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 127697-72-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 6-hydroxy-2-(methylthio)-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



●2 Na

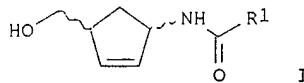
=> d bib abs hitstr 119 8

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1997:805825 HCAPLUS  
 DN 128:32314  
 TI Process for the preparation of amino alcohols and derivatives thereof  
 IN Bernegger-Egli, Christine; Birch, Olwen M.; Bossard, Pierre; **Brieden**,  
**Walter**; Brux, Frank; Burgdorf, Knut; Duc, Laurent; Etter, Kay-Sarah;  
 Guggisberg, Ives; et al.  
 PA Lonza A.-G., Switz.; Bernegger-Egli, Christine; Birch, Olwen M.; Bossard,  
 Pierre; Brieden, Walter; Brux, Frank; Burgdorf, Knut; Duc, Laurent  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent  
 LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 9745529	A1	19971204	WO 1997-EP2838	19970530
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2253977	AA	19971204	CA 1997-2253977	19970530
AU 9731705	A1	19980105	AU 1997-31705	19970530
EP 904348	A1	19990331	EP 1997-927092	19970530
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
CN 1220695	A	19990623	CN 1997-195182	19970530
JP 2000512488	T2	20000926	JP 1997-541630	19970530
PRAI CH 1996-1359		19960530		
CH 1997-282		19970210		
CH 1997-908		19970418		
WO 1997-EP2838		19970530		
OS MARPAT 128:32314				
GI				



AB The invention relates to novel microorganisms which are capable of utilizing cyclopentene derivs. of the general formula (I), in which R1 is C1-C4-alkyl, C1-C4-alkoxy, aryl or aryloxy, as the only N source, as the only C source or as the only C and O source. The invention also relates to novel enzymes which hydrolyze the cyclopentene derivs. of the general formula I. The invention also relates to a novel process for the prepn. of (1R,4S) or (1S,4R)-1-amino-4(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopentene and/or of a (1S,4R) or (1R,4S)-amino alc. deriv. in which R1 has the above meaning.

IT 9012-56-0P, Amidase

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); CAT (Catalyst use); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of amino alcs. and derivs. thereof from azabicycloheptenones and microbial metab. of the products)

RN 9012-56-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Amidase (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

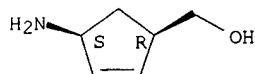
\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
 IT 136522-30-0P 136522-35-5P

RL: BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of amino alcs. and derivs. thereof from azabicycloheptenones and microbial metab. of the products)

RN 136522-30-0 HCPLUS

CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-amino-, (1R,4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 136522-35-5 HCPLUS

CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-amino-, (1S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

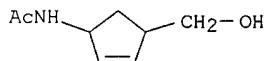


IT 199395-80-7P 199395-81-8P 199395-82-9P  
199395-83-0P 199395-84-1P 199395-85-2P

RL: BPR (Biological process); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process) (prepn. of amino alcs. and derivs. thereof from azabicycloheptenones and microbial metab. of the products)

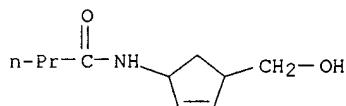
RN 199395-80-7 HCPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



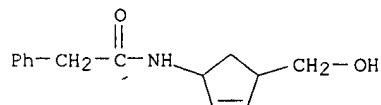
RN 199395-81-8 HCPLUS

CN Butanamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



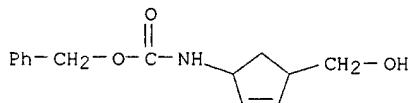
RN 199395-82-9 HCPLUS

CN Benzeneacetamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

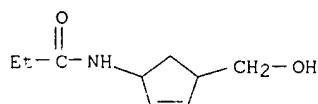


RN 199395-83-0 HCPLUS

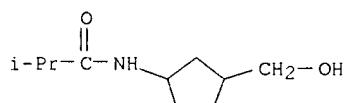
CN Carbamic acid, [4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 199395-84-1 HCPLUS  
 CN Propanamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

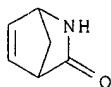


RN 199395-85-2 HCPLUS  
 CN Propanamide, N-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

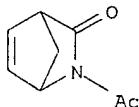


IT 9015-68-3, Asparaginase  
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of amino alcs. and derivs. thereof from azabicycloheptenones  
 and microbial metab. of the products)  
 RN 9015-68-3 HCPLUS  
 CN Asparaginase (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
 IT 49805-30-3, 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (prepn. of amino alcs. and derivs. thereof from azabicycloheptenones  
 and microbial metab. of the products)  
 RN 49805-30-3 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 162307-09-7P 199395-75-0P 199395-76-1P  
 199395-77-2P 199395-78-3P 199395-79-4P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of amino alcs. and derivs. thereof from azabicycloheptenones  
 and microbial metab. of the products)  
 RN 162307-09-7 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-acetyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

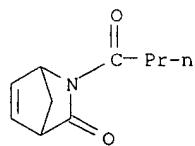


RN 199395-75-0 HCPLUS

SEARCHED BY SUSAN HANLEY 305-4053

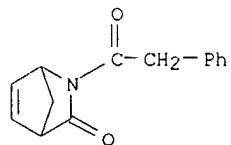
Page 25

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(1-oxobutyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



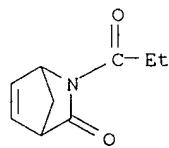
RN 199395-76-1 HCPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(phenylacetyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



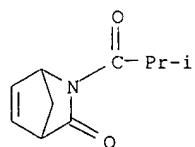
RN 199395-77-2 HCPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(1-oxopropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



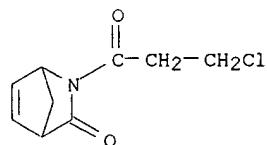
RN 199395-78-3 HCPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



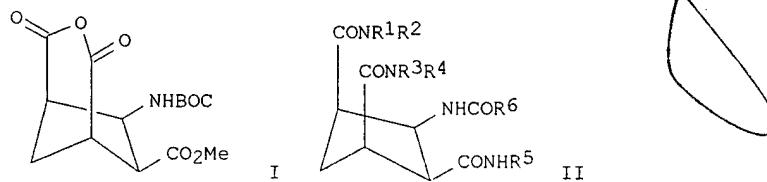
RN 199395-79-4 HCPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-(3-chloro-1-oxopropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> d bib abs hitstr 176 1

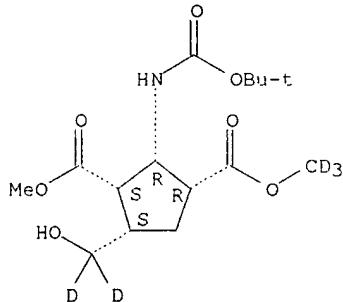
L76 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1995:272286 HCAPLUS  
 DN 122:132622  
 TI All-cis cyclopentane scaffolding for combinatorial solid phase synthesis  
 of small non-peptide compounds  
 AU Patek, Marcel; Drake, Brian; Lebl, Michal  
 CS Selective Corporation, Tucson, AZ, 85737, USA  
 SO Tetrahedron Lett. (1994), 35(49), 9169-72  
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 OS CASREACT 122:132622  
 GI



AB A convenient synthesis of all-cis cyclopentane template I from com. available **anhydride** (3a.alpha.,4.beta.,7.beta.,7a.alpha.)-3a,4,7,7a-Tetrahydro-4,7-methanoisobenzofuran-1,3-dione was described. Regioselective conversion of the **anhydride** I to functionalized cyclopentanes II with a range of nucleophiles, as well as the regiochem. assignment of the major regioisomer were discussed.

IT **160849-73-0P**  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)  
 RN 160849-73-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 1,3-Cyclopentanedicarboxylic acid, 2-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino)-4-(hydroxymethyl-d2)-, 3-methyl 1-(methyl-d3) ester,  
 (1.alpha.,2.alpha.,3.alpha.,4.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

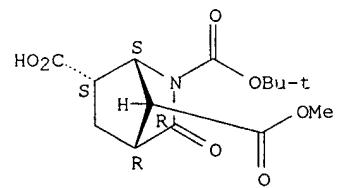
Relative stereochemistry.



IT **160849-76-3P**  
 RL: BYP (Byproduct); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of all-cis cyclopentane scaffold for solid phase synthesis of nonpeptides)  
 RN 160849-76-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,6,7-tricarboxylic acid, 3-oxo-,  
 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl) 7-methyl ester, (endo,syn)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MELLER 09/198,427

Relative stereochemistry.



=> d bib abs hitstr 176 2

L76 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1994:434863 HCPLUS  
 DN 121:34863  
 TI Five-step preparation of [1S(1.alpha.,2.beta.,4.beta.)]-4-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1-cyclopentanol  
 IN Tapolczay, David Joszef; Meerholz, Clive Alwin; Turnbull, John Peter; Halter, Bernard Charles; Schilling, Mark Brian  
 PA Glaxo Group Ltd., UK  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9404486	A1	19940303	WO 1993-EP2219	19930819
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, US, VN				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BE, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	EP 655994	A1	19950607	EP 1993-919103	19930819
	EP 655994	B1	19970618		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	JP 08500583	T2	19960123	JP 1993-505904	19930819
	AT 154589	E	19970715	AT 1993-919103	19930819
	ES 2105312	T3	19971016	ES 1993-919103	19930819
	US 5659075	A	19970819	US 1995-387834	19950406
PRAI	GB 1992-17823		19920821		
	WO 1993-EP2219		19930819		
OS	MARPAT	121:34863			
GI					



AB The title compd., I (or its salts), is prep'd. by treating anilide II with a base, treating the intermediate with a Lewis acid (e.g.,  $\text{AlCl}_3$ ) followed by redn. with a **hydride** reducing agent (e.g.,  $\text{HAl}(\text{Bu-iso})_2$ ), protecting the methylol intermediate, treating the protected intermediate with a hindered hydroborating agent (e.g., disiamylborane) capable of complexing to a tertiary amide followed by peroxide (e.g.,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ ) oxidn., and deprotecting the protected methylol intermediate.

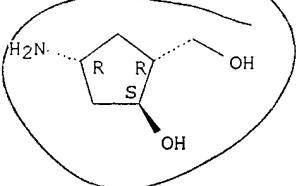
IT 100018-56-2P 155750-92-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(5-step prepn. of)

RN 100018-56-2 HCAPLUS

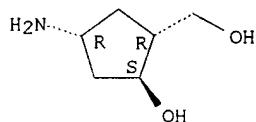
CN Cyclopentanemethanol, 4-amino-2-hydroxy-, (1R,2S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 155750-92-8 HCPLUS  
 CN Cyclopentanemethanol, 4-amino-2-hydroxy-, hydrochloride,  
 [1R-(1.alpha.,2.beta.,4.alpha.)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



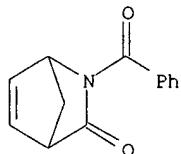
● HCl

IT 61865-48-3P 155694-96-5P 155694-98-7P  
 155750-91-7P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP**  
**(Preparation)**

(prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of chiral  
 amino(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentanol)

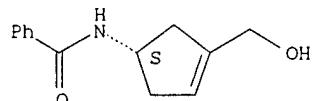
RN 61865-48-3 HCPLUS  
 RN 155694-96-5 HCPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-benzoyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



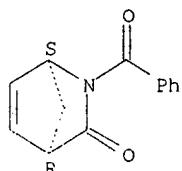
RN 155694-98-7 HCPLUS  
 CN Benzamide, N-[3-(hydroxymethyl)-3-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 155750-91-7 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 2-benzoyl-, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
 NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 130931-83-8  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (reaction of, in prepn. of chiral amino(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentanol)  
 RN 130931-83-8 HCPLUS

MELLER 09/198,427

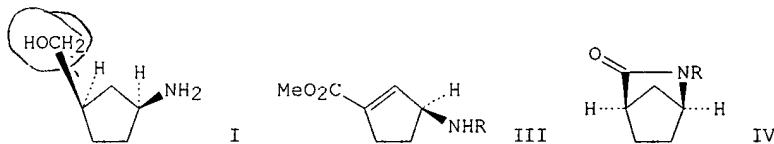
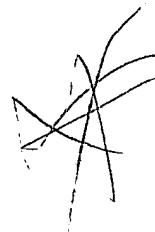
CN 2-Azabicyclo{2.2.1}hept-5-en-3-one, (1S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



=> d bib abs hitstr 176 3

L76 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1993:449814 HCAPLUS  
 DN 119:49814  
 TI Chirospecific synthesis of (1S,3R)-1-amino-3-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentane, precursor for carbocyclic nucleoside synthesis. Dieckmann cyclization with an .alpha.-amino acid  
 AU Bergmeier, Stephen C.; Cobas, Agustin A.; Rapoport, Henry  
 CS Dep. Chem., Univ. California, Berkeley, CA, 94720, USA  
 SO J. Org. Chem. (1993), 58(9), 2369-76  
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 OS CASREACT 119:49814  
 GI



AB A new method for the stereospecific synthesis of the title compd. (I) is reported. I is a key precursor for the synthesis of some carbocyclic nucleosides. The method involves (1) an improved synthesis of (S)-2-amino adipic acid; (2) Dieckmann cyclization of this .alpha.-amino acid to an aminocyclopentanone; and (3) elaboration of the latter to the target I. The starting (S)-2-amino adipic acid .delta.-Me ester (II) was prepd. enantiomerically pure from L-aspartic acid in 51% overall yield. Dieckmann condensation converted II to a (methoxycarbonyl)cyclopentanone, and redn. of the ketone followed by elimination yielded cyclopentenecarboxylate III (R = 9-phenyl-9-fluorenyl). Redn. of the double bond gave a mixt. of the cis and trans diastereomers, which was converted to a single diastereomer by epimerization and trapping of the cis isomer as the bicyclic lactam IV. Hydrolytic cleavage of IV followed by redn. gave I.

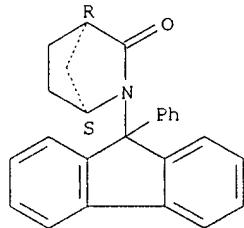
IT 147698-14-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and acidic ring opening of)

RN 147698-14-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-3-one, 2-(9-phenyl-9H-fluoren-9-yl)-, (1S)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 147698-12-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and double bond redn. of, stereochem. of)

RN 147698-12-2 HCAPLUS

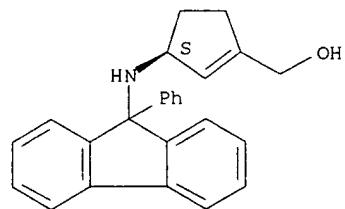
CN 1-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 3-[(9-phenyl-9H-fluoren-9-yl)amino]-, (S)-

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MELLER 09/198,427

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

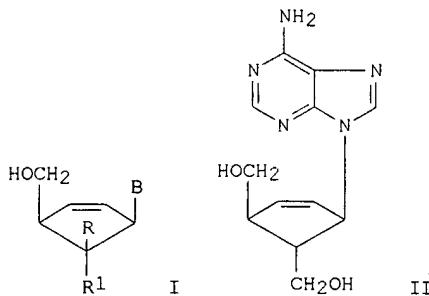


=&gt; d bib abs hitstr 176 4

L76 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1993:234421 HCPLUS  
 DN 118:234421  
 TI Cyclopentene derivatives and their use  
 IN Kaneoko, Chikara; Katagiri, Nobuya; Tsuruo, Takashi  
 PA Japanese Foundation for Cancer Research, Japan; Takeda Chemical  
 Industries, Ltd.  
 SO Can. Pat. Appl., 71 pp.  
 CODEN: CPXXEB

DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	CA 2055086	AA	19920813	CA 1991-2055086	19911106
	JP 06206880	A2	19940726	JP 1991-281745	19911028
	JP 05178746	A2	19930720	JP 1992-25536	19920212
	JP 06199812	A2	19940719	JP 1992-25535	19920212
PRAI	JP 1991-18913		19910212		
	JP 1991-18914		19910212		
	JP 1991-281745		19911028		
	JP 1991-281746		19911028		
OS	MARPAT	118:234421			
GI					



AB Nucleoside analogs I [B = purine or pyrimidine base; R = H, R1 = (un)protected CH2OH; R = (un)protected CH2OH, R1 = H] were prepd. Thus, the analog II was prepd. from cyclopentadienyllithium, ClCH2OCH2Ph, and 4-MeC6H4SO2CN in 8 steps. II had an anti-HIV-1 ED50 of 0.355 .mu.g/mL.

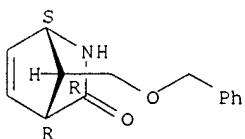
IT 147420-89-1P 147420-90-4P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and reaction of, with chloroformate)

RN 147420-89-1 HCPLUS

RN 147420-90-4 HCPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 7-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]-, syn- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 140440-42-2P 147420-91-5P 147420-92-6P  
 147420-93-7P 147513-76-6P

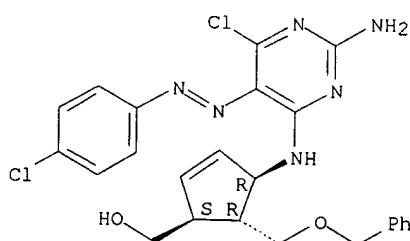
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP**  
**(Prepn. and redn. of)**

RN 140440-42-2 HCPLUS

CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-[(2-amino-6-chloro-5-[(4-chlorophenyl)azo]-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]-5-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]-, (1.alpha.,4.alpha.,5.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

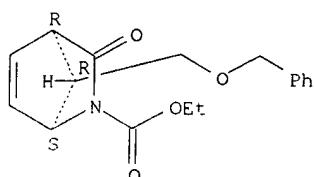
Double bond geometry unknown.



RN 147420-91-5 HCPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 3-oxo-7-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]-, ethyl ester, syn- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

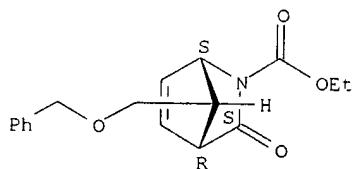
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 147420-92-6 HCPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 3-oxo-7-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]-, ethyl ester, anti- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

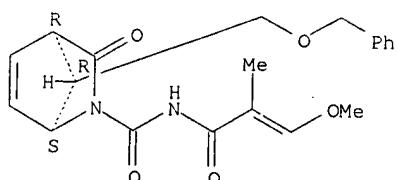


RN 147420-93-7 HCPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxamide, N-(3-methoxy-2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-3-oxo-7-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]-, syn- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

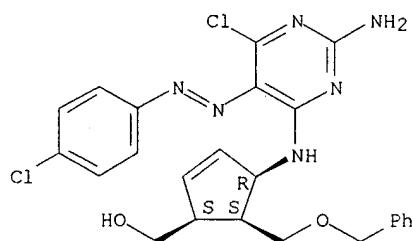
Relative stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

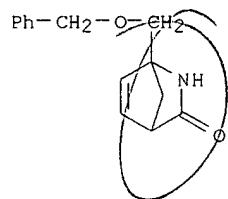


RN 147513-76-6 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-[(2-amino-6-chloro-5-[(4-chlorophenyl)azo]-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]-5-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]-, (1.alpha.,4.alpha.,5.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry unknown.

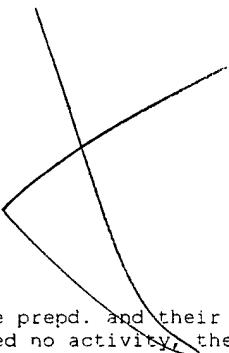
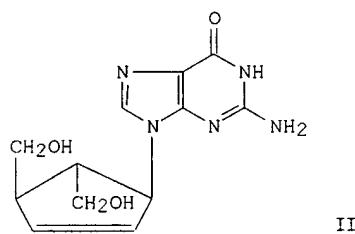


IT 147420-88-0P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)  
 RN 147420-88-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, 1-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> d bib abs hitstr 176 5

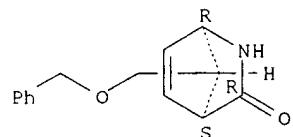
L76 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1992:255951 HCAPLUS  
 DN 116:255951  
 TI Synthesis and anti-HIV activity of 9-[c-4,t-5-bis(hydroxymethyl)cyclopent-2-en-r-1-yl]-9H-adenine  
 AU Katagiri, Nobuya; Nomura, Masahiro; Sato, Hiroshi; Kaneko, Chikara; Yusa, Keisuke; Tsuruo, Takashi  
 CS Pharm. Inst., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, 980, Japan  
 SO J. Med. Chem. (1992), 35(10), 1882-6  
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



AB Title compd. (I) and its guanine analog II were prepd. and their anti-HIV activity was tested in vitro. Whereas II showed no activity, the therapeutic index of I was 200 and comparable to that (400) of carbovir. One enantiomer of I may be viewed as an analog of carbocyclic oxetanocin and the other as an analog of carbovir. Hence, these results indicate that one or both of the individual enantiomers of I could serve as candidates or lead compds. for the development of anti-AIDS agents.

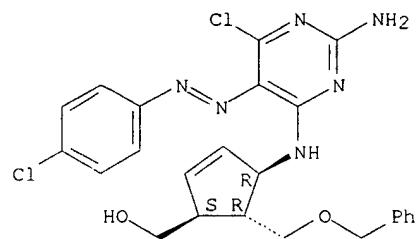
IT 140440-30-8  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (of prepn. and reaction of, with Et chloroformate)  
 RN 140440-30-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo{2.2.1}hept-5-en-3-one, 7-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]-, anti- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 140440-33-1P 140440-42-2P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and redn. of)  
 RN 140440-33-1 HCAPLUS  
 RN 140440-42-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Cyclopentene-1-methanol, 4-[(2-amino-6-chloro-5-[(4-chlorophenyl)azo]-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]-5-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]-, (1.alpha.,4.alpha.,5.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry unknown.



IT 140440-31-9P 140440-32-0P

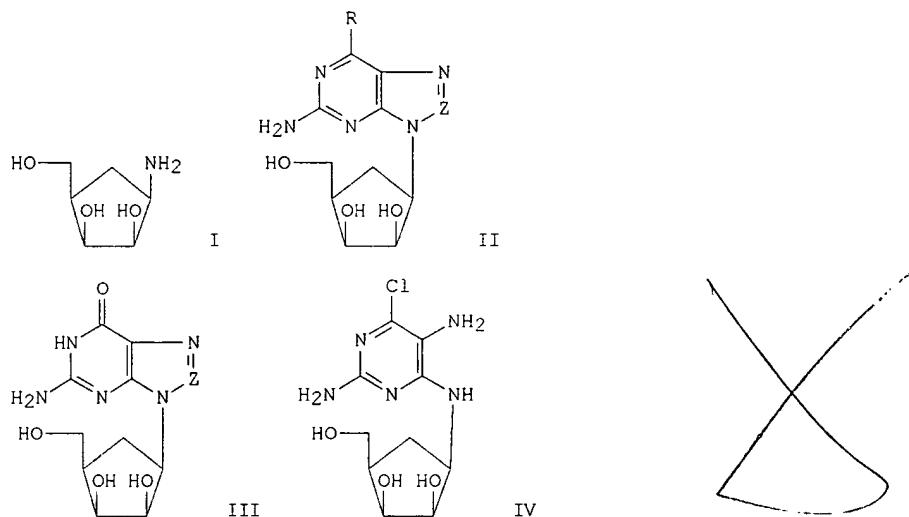
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 140440-31-9 HCAPLUS

RN 140440-32-0 HCAPLUS

=&gt; d bib abs hitstr 176 6

L76 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1990:139727 HCAPLUS  
 DN 112:139727  
 TI Synthesis and biological evaluation of carbocyclic analogs of lyxofuranosides of 2-amino-6-substituted purines and 2-amino-6-substituted-8-azapurines  
 AU Peterson, Mark L.; Vince, Robert  
 CS Coll. Pharm., Univ. Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, 55455, USA  
 SO J. Med. Chem. (1990), 33(4), 1214-19  
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 OS CASREACT 112:139727  
 GI



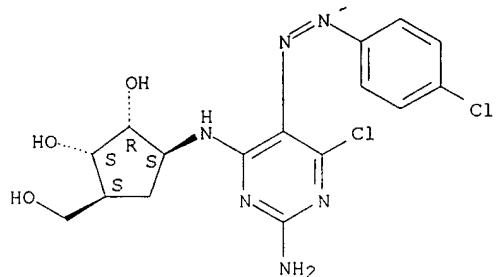
AB Carbocyclic analogs of lyxofuranosides of 2-amino-6-substituted purines and 2-amino-6-substituted-8-azapurines were synthesized from (+--)-amino(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentanediol I and 2-amino-4,6-dichloropyrimidine. The 2-amino-6-chloropurine (II; R = Cl, Z = CH, N), the 2,6-diaminopurine (II; R = NH<sub>2</sub>, Z = CH, N), as well as the guanine (III; Z = CH) and 8-azaguanine (III; Z = N) derivs. were all constructed from the key intermediate (+--)-[(diaminochloropyrimidinyl)amino](hydroxymethyl)cyclopentanediol (IV) by using established methodol. II and III were evaluated for both antitumor and antiviral activity. None of these materials exhibited appreciable activity against P-388 mouse leukemia cells in vitro. All of these analogs were investigated for activity vs. herpes simplex virus, type 1 (HSV-1) and influenza virus (IV-A), as well as the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Against HSV-1, only III (Z = CH), the carbocyclic analog of the lyxofuranoside of guanine, exhibited significant activity, yielding a virus rating (VR) of 2.1. The corresponding 2,6-diamino compd. II (R = NH<sub>2</sub>, Z = CH) demonstrated marginal activity, VR = 0.6, against that virus. The test compds. failed to exhibit inhibition of either IV-A or HIV. Addnl. III (Z = CH) was tested against human cytomegalovirus (HCMV) and was found to display a definite activity at concns. as low as 32 .mu.M.

IT 50796-89-9P

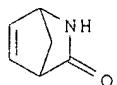
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP**  
**(Preparation)**

(prepn. and **reductive cleavage of**)  
 RN 50796-89-9 HCPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Cyclopantanediol, 3-[(2-amino-6-chloro-5-[(4-chlorophenyl)azo]-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]-5-(hydroxymethyl)-, (1.alpha.,2.alpha.,3.beta.,5.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry unknown.



IT 49805-30-3, 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (synthon for lyxofuranoside analogs of nucleosides)  
 RN 49805-30-3 HCPLUS  
 CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> d bib abs hitstr 176 7

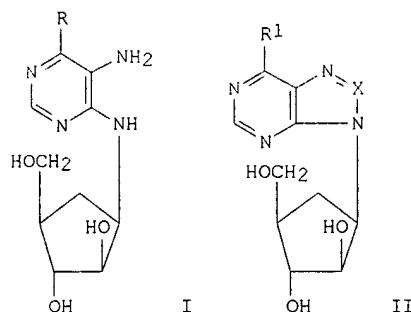
L76 ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 1979:168938 HCAPLUS  
 DN 90:168938  
 TI Adenosine deaminase-resistant antiviral purine nucleosides  
 IN Vince, Robert  
 PA University of Minnesota, USA  
 SO U.S., 6 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent  
 LA English

FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 4138562	A	19790206	US 1977-766947	19770209
US 4223156	A	19800916	US 1978-972469	19781222
US 4268672	A	19810519	US 1979-1072	19790105
US 4383114	A	19830510	US 1981-301399	19810911
PRAI US 1977-766947	19770209			
US 1979-1072	19790105			
US 1980-181382	19800822			

GI



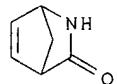
AB Cyclopentylaminopyrimidines I (R = halo) were prep'd. as intermediates for the synthesis of nucleoside analogs II (R1 = NH2, SH, SMe, OH, halo, or NR2R3; R2, R3 = H, Me, Et, Pr, Ph; X = CH, N). Thus, (+)-4.alpha.-amino-2.beta.,3.alpha.-dihydroxy-1.alpha.-cyclopentanemethanol, prep'd. in 5 steps from 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, was treated with 5-amino-4,6-dichloropyrimidine to give I (R = Cl), which was cyclized with CH(OEt)3 and the resultant purine was treated with NH3 to give II (R1 = NH2; X = CH) (III). II are useful as antiviral and antitumor agents, e.g., III had virus rating of 1.5-3.5 and MED50 apprx. 9 .mu.g/mL against Herpes simplex virus type 1 and vaccinia virus.

IT 49805-30-3

RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (hydrolysis of)

RN 49805-30-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 62413-50-7P

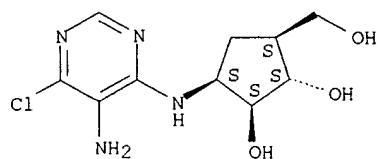
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP  
 (Preparation)

SEARCHED BY SUSAN HANLEY 305-4053

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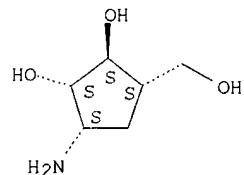
(prepn. and cyclization of, nucleoside analogs from)  
 RN 62413-50-7 HCPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Cyclopentanediol, 3-[(5-amino-6-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]-5-(hydroxymethyl)-, (1.alpha.,2.beta.,3.beta.,5.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



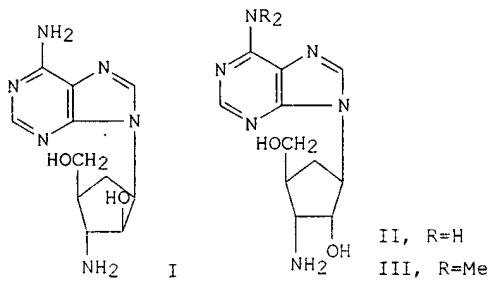
IT 69979-44-8P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP  
 (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and reaction of, with aminodichloropyrimidine)  
 RN 69979-44-8 HCPLUS  
 CN 1,2-Cyclopentanediol, 3-amino-5-(hydroxymethyl)-, (1S-  
 (1.alpha.,2.beta.,3.beta.,5.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



=> d bib abs hitstr 176 8

L76 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AN 1978:424684 HCAPLUS  
DN 89:24684  
TI Synthesis of carbocyclic aminonucleosides  
AU Daluge, Susan; Vince, Robert  
CS Coll. Pharm., Univ. Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn., USA  
SO J. Org. Chem. (1978), 43(12), 2311-20  
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
DT Journal  
LA English  
GI



AB Racemic carbocyclic nucleosides I, II, and III were prep'd. Acidic hydrolysis of 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one, followed by esterification and acetylation, gave Me cis-4-acetamidocyclopent-2-ene-1-carboxylate, which on redn. with calcium **borohydride** gave, after acetylation, cis-4-acetamidocyclopent-2-ene-1-Me acetate (IV). Epoxidn. of IV gave only the *cis*-epoxide, which was opened with NaN<sub>3</sub> to give, after acetylation, 4. $\alpha$ .-acetamido-3. $\alpha$ .-acetoxy-2. $\beta$ .-azido-1. $\alpha$ .-cyclopentanemethyl acetate, which on catalytic hydrogenation followed by acetylation, gave 3. $\alpha$ .-acetoxy-2. $\beta$ ., 4. $\alpha$ .-diacetamido-1. $\alpha$ .-cyclopentanemethyl acetate (V). Selective hydrolysis of the 4-acetamido group of V and formation of the purine moiety at this position, followed by hydrolysis of the remaining acetamido group, gave I. Epimerization at C-2' gave access to II and III. In vitro screening indicates that II has significant antiviral activity.

IT 61865-48-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and acid hydrolysis of)

RN 61865-48-3 HCAPLUS

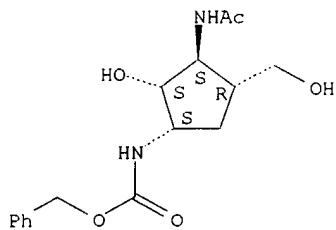
IT 61865-63-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SEN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP (Preparation)**

(prep. and cyclization of)

RN 61865-63-2 HCAPLUS  
CN Carbamic acid, [3-(acetylamino)-2-hydroxy-4-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentyl]-, phenylmethyl ester, (1.alpha.,2.alpha.,3.beta.,4.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### Relative stereochemistry.



IT 61865-56-3P

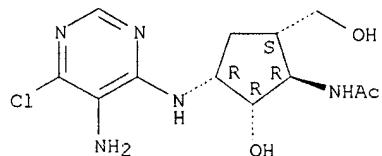
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP**  
**(Preparation)**

(prepn. and cyclization of, with diethoxymethyl acetate)

RN 61865-56-3 HCPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[3-[(5-amino-6-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]-2-hydroxy-5-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentyl]-, (1.alpha.,2.beta.,3.beta.,5.beta.)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 65941-41-5P

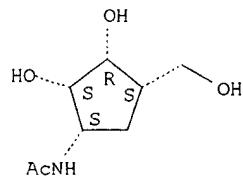
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP**  
**(Preparation)**

(prepn. and oxidn. of)

RN 65941-41-5 HCPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[2,3-dihydroxy-4-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentyl]-, (1.alpha.,2.alpha.,3.alpha.,4.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 61865-55-2P

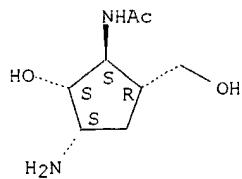
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); **PREP**  
**(Preparation)**

(prepn. and reaction of, with carbobenzoxy chloride)

RN 61865-55-2 HCPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[3-amino-2-hydroxy-5-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentyl]-, (1.alpha.,2.beta.,3.beta.,5.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 61865-67-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

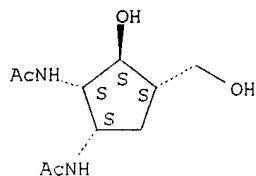
## (Preparation)

(prepn. and reaction of, with methoxytrityl chloride)

RN 61865-67-6 HCPLUS

CN Acetamide, N,N'-(3-hydroxy-4-(hydroxymethyl)-1,2-cyclopentanediyl)bis-, (1.alpha.,2.alpha.,3.beta.,4.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



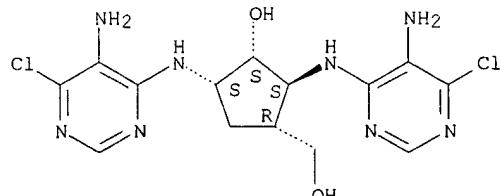
IT 65898-95-5P 65941-42-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 65898-95-5 HCPLUS

CN Cyclopentanemethanol, 2,4-bis[(5-amino-6-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)amino]-3-hydroxy-, (1.alpha.,2.beta.,3.alpha.,4.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

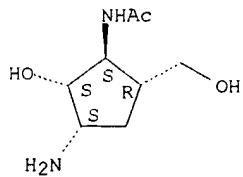
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 65941-42-6 HCPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[3-amino-2-hydroxy-5-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentyl]-, monohydrochloride, (1.alpha.,2.beta.,3.beta.,5.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



● HCl

IT 65898-97-7P 65942-42-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP  
(Preparation)

(prepn., acetylation, and benzoylation of)

RN 65898-97-7 HCPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[3-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentyl]-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

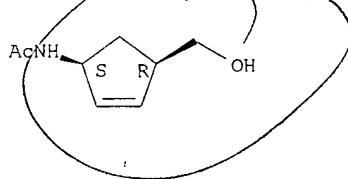
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 65942-42-9 HCPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[(1R,4S)-4-(hydroxymethyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]-, rel- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

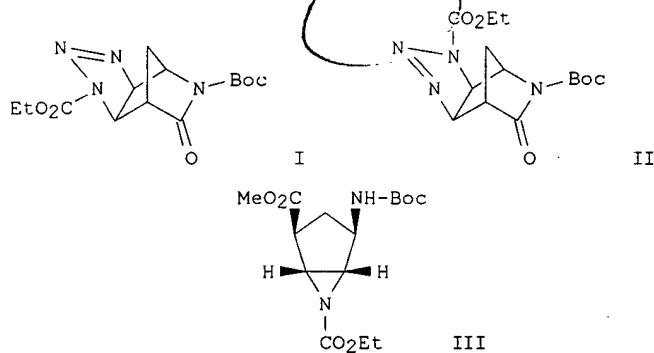
Relative stereochemistry



=> d bib abs fcrdref 134 1

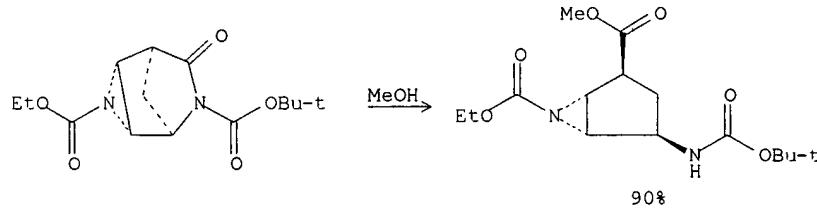
Nothing 102  
Maybe 103

L34 ANSWER 1 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 133:252263 CASREACT  
 TI A concise access to 6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexanes via high-pressure promoted cycloaddition reaction of azides to ABH  
 AU Ishikura, Minoru; Kudo, Sayoko; Hino, Ayako; Ohnuki, Nobuyuki; Katagiri, Nobuya  
 CS Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Health Sciences University of Hokkaido, Hokkaido, 061-0293, Japan  
 SO Heterocycles (2000), 53(7), 1499-1504  
 CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414  
 PB Japan Institute of Heterocyclic Chemistry  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



AB Cycloaddn. reaction of electron-deficient azides, e.g. EtO<sub>2</sub>CN<sub>3</sub>, to 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-ones (ABH) was accelerated by high-pressure, leading to mixts. of regioisomeric triazolines, e.g. I and II, in good yields. These triazolines were, through photolysis and ring opening sequences, converted to 6-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexanes, e.g. III.

RX(8) OF 21



REF: Heterocycles, 53(7), 1499-1504; 2000

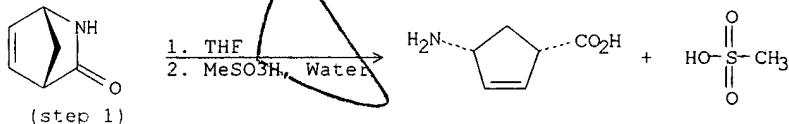
OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RE.CNT 16  
 RE  
 (1) Altmann, K; Tetrahedron Lett 1994, V35, P2331 CAPLUS  
 (2) Altmann, K; Tetrahedron Lett 1994, V35, P7625 CAPLUS  
 (3) Anderson, G; J Org Chem 1991, V56, P6946 CAPLUS  
 (4) Chang, H; J Org Chem 1994, V59, P5336 CAPLUS  
 (5) Chun, B; J Org Chem 2000, V65, P685 CAPLUS  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MELLER 09/198, 427

=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 2

L34 ANSWER 2 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 132:334717 CASREACT  
 TI An efficient, scalable synthesis of the HIV reverse transcriptase inhibitor ziagen (1592U89)  
 AU Daluge, Susan M.; Martin, Michael T.; Sickles, Barry R.; Livingston, Douglas A.  
 CS Division of Medicinal Chemistry, Glaxo Wellcome Inc., Research Triangle Park, NC, 27709, USA  
 SO Nucleosides, Nucleotides Nucleic Acids (2000), 19(1 & 2), 297-327  
 CODEN: NNNAFY; ISSN: 1525-7770  
 PB Marcel Dekker, Inc.  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB Ziagen, (1S,cis)-4-(2-amino-6-(cyclopropylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-2-cyclopentene-1-methanol, was synthesized from (1S,4R)-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one by efficient processes which bypass problematic steps in earlier routes. 2-Amino-4,6-dichloro-5-formamidopyrimidine is a key intermediate which makes possible an efficient construction of the purine from a chiral cyclopentenyl precursor.

RX(1) OF 179



REF: Nucleosides, Nucleotides Nucleic Acids, 19(1 &amp; 2), 297-327; 2000

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RE.CNT 53

RE

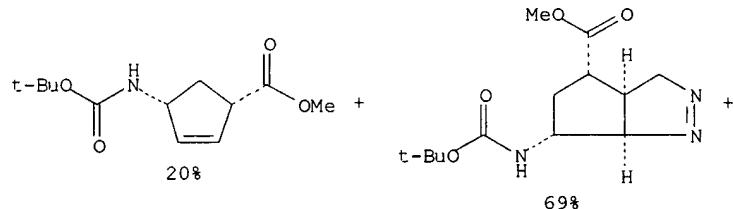
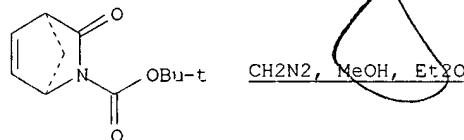
- (1) Agrofoglio, L; Tetrahedron 1994, V50, P10611 CAPLUS
- (10) Crimmins, M; J Org Chem 1996, V61, P4192 CAPLUS
- (11) Crimmins, M; Tetrahedron 1998, V54, P9229 CAPLUS
- (12) Daluge, S; EP 349242 1990 CAPLUS
- (13) Daluge, S; US 5206435 1993 CAPLUS

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

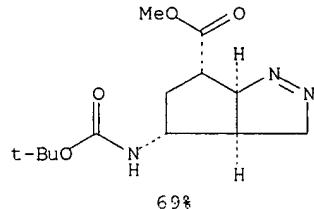
=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 3

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 132:279439 CASREACT  
 TI Synthesis of carbocyclic nucleosides bearing a cyclopropane ring  
 AU Yamatoya, Yoshitsugu; Ishikura, Minoru; Katagiri, Nobuya  
 CS Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Health Sciences University of  
 Hokkaido, Hokkaido, 061-0293, Japan  
 SO Nucleic Acids Symp. Ser. (1999), 42(Twentysixth Symposium on Nucleic Acids  
 Chemistry, 1999), 23-24  
 CODEN: NACSD8; ISSN: 0251-3166  
 PB Oxford University Press  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB A carbocyclic cyclopropane fused nucleoside, 9-(c-4-hydroxy-methylbicyclo[3.1.0]hex-2-yl)-9H-adenine, has been efficiently synthesized from 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hex-5-en-3-one(ABH) in 6 steps, namely cyclopropanation, reductive amide cleavage (RAC) reaction and adenine ring construction.

RX(1) OF 9



RX(1) OF 9



REF: Nucleic Acids Symp. Ser., 42(Twentysixth Symposium on Nucleic Acids Chemistry, 1999), 23-24; 1999

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RE.CNT 6

RE

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- (2) Altmann, K; Tetrahedron Lett 1994, V35, P7625 CAPLUS
- (3) Chang, H; J Org Chem 1994, V59, P5336 CAPLUS
- (4) Daluge, S; Antimicrob Agents Chemother 1997, V41, P1082 CAPLUS
- (5) Katagiri, N; Tetrahedron Lett 1989, V30, P1645 CAPLUS

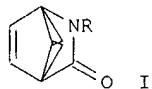
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MELLER 09/198, 427

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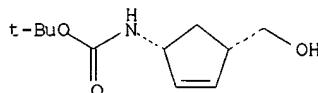
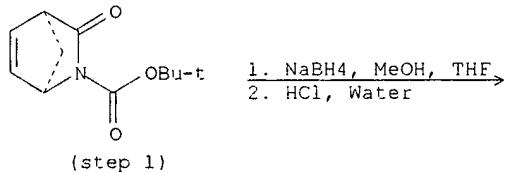
L34 ANSWER 4 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 130:208877 CASREACT  
 TI Process for preparing enantiomerically enriched N-derivatized lactams  
 IN Dawson, Michael John; Mahmoudian, Mahmoud; Wallis, Christopher John  
 PA Glaxo Group Limited, UK  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 9910519	A1	19990304	WO 1998-EP5291	19980820
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9897386	A1	19990316	AU 1998-97386	19980820
EP 1003903	A1	20000531	EP 1998-951307	19980820
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
BR 9810472	A	20000919	BR 1998-10472	19980820
NO 9906368	A	20000221	NO 1999-6368	19991221
PRAI GB 1997-17928		19970822		
WO 1998-EP5291		19980820		
OS MARPAT 130:208877				
GI				



AB The present invention relates to a process for the prodn. of substantially enantiomerically pure intermediates of formula (I), wherein P is an activating and protecting group, from their racemates by treating the mixt. with an acylase enzyme derived from *Bacillus* sp.

RX(1) OF 4



REF: PCT Int. Appl., 9910519, 04 Mar 1999

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RE.CNT 5  
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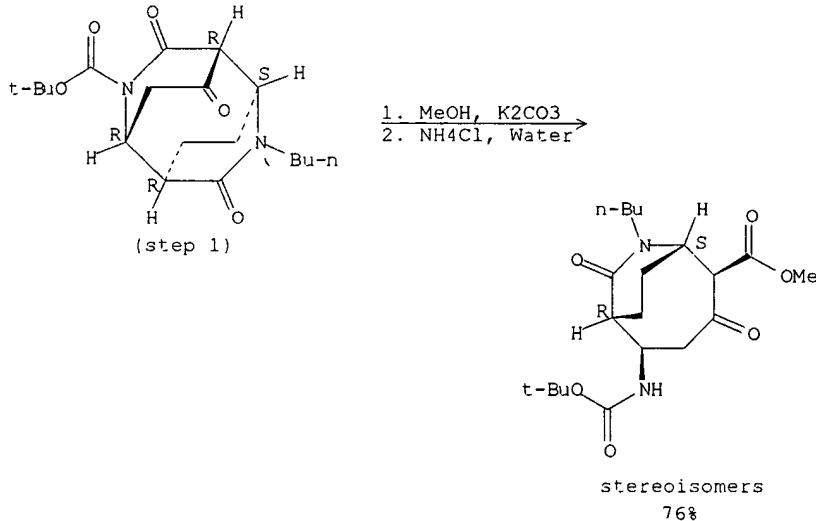
Page 6

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- (2) Enzymatix Ltd; EP 0424064 A 1991 CAPLUS
- (3) Evans, C; J Chem Soc Perkin Trans I 1992, 5, P589 CAPLUS
- (4) Nakano, H; Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, V5(7), P1155 CAPLUS
- (5) Nakano, H; Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1996, V7(8), P2381 CAPLUS

=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 5

L34 ANSWER 5 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 130:196592 CASREACT  
 TI Selective Intermolecular Photo-[4+4]-cycloaddition with 2-Pyridone  
 Mixtures. 3. Synthetic Transformations of the Trans Cross-Product  
 (1.alpha.,2.beta.,5.beta.,6.alpha.)-3-Butyl-9-methoxy-3,7-  
 diazatricyclo[4.2.2.22,5]dodeca-9,11-diene-4,8-dione  
 AU Sieburth, Scott McN.; Rucando, David; Lin, Chao-Hsiung  
 CS Department of Chemistry, State University of New York, Stony Brook, NY,  
 11794-3400, USA  
 SO J. Org. Chem. (1999), 64(3), 954-959  
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
 PB American Chemical Society  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB Transformations of a tricyclic product derived from [4+4] photocycloaddn. of N-butyl-2-pyridone with 4-methoxy-2-pyridone has demonstrated, for the first time, facile opening of the secondary lactam after activation of the amide nitrogen with a tert-Bu carboxylate (Boc) group. Methanolysis and lithium borohydride redn. both result in opening of the amide group under very mild conditions to ring-opened products. Concomitant redn. of a ketone derived from hydrolysis of the enol ether sets an addnl. stereogenic center in the reaction product with complete stereogenic control. These reactions illustrate the synthetic potential of the 2-pyridone photocycloaddn. products, generating a cyclooctene as a single isomer, with functionality at seven carbons and five stereogenic centers.

RX(11) OF 44



REF: J. Org. Chem., 64(3), 954-959; 1999

NOTE: stereoselective

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RE.CNT 11

RE

- (1) Flynn, D; J Org Chem 1983, V48, P2424 CAPLUS
- (2) Frimer, A; Synthesis 1977, P578 CAPLUS
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- (6) Sieburth, S; J Am Chem Soc 1996, V118, P10803 CAPLUS
- (7) Sieburth, S; J Org Chem 1994, V59, P80 CAPLUS

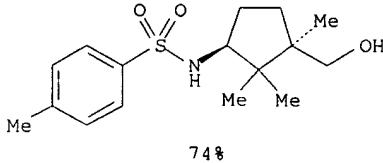
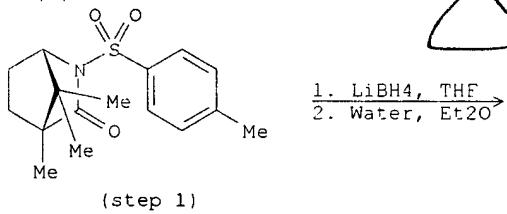
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MELLER 09/198, 427

=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 6

L34 ANSWER 6 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 128:204622 CASREACT  
 TI Synthesis of (1R,3S)-3-amino-1,2,2-trimethylcyclopentylmethanol  
 AU Blanco, Jose M.; Caamano, Olga; Fernandez, Franco; Garcia-Mera, Xerardo;  
 Rodriguez, Jose E.  
 CS Departamento de Quimica Organica, Facultad de Farmacia, Universidad de  
 Santiago de Compostela, Santiago de Compostela, E-15706, Spain  
 SO Org. Prep. Proced. Int. (1998), 30(1), 71-78  
 CODEN: OPPIAK; ISSN: 0030-4948  
 PB Organic Preparations and Procedures, Inc.  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB The asym. synthesis of the title compd. was accomplished starting from  
 D-(+)-camphoric anhydride via the corresponding camphoramic acid as chiral  
 intermediate.

RX(7) OF 40



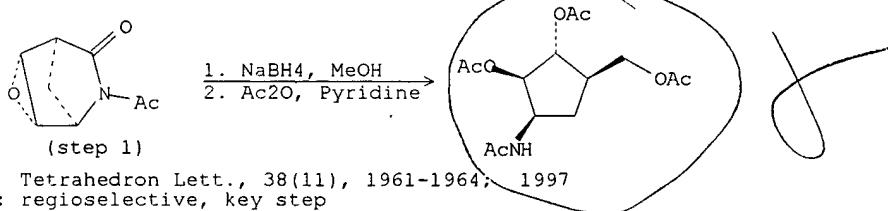
REF: Org. Prep. Proced. Int., 30(1), 71-78; 1998

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 7

L34 ANSWER 7 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 126:293559 CASREACT  
 TI Synthesis of nucleosides and their related compounds. L. A highly efficient synthesis of the antiviral agent (+)-cyclaradine involving the regioselective cleavage of epoxide by neighboring participation  
 AU Katagiri, Nobuya; Matsuhashi, Yumiko; Kokufuda, Hideaki; Takebayashi, Masahiro; Kaneko, Chikara  
 CS Pharmaceutical Inst., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, 980-77, Japan  
 SO Tetrahedron Lett. (1997), 38(11), 1961-1964  
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039  
 PB Elsevier  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB (+)-Cyclaradine, carbocyclic arabinofuranosyladenine having anti-HSV activity, has been synthesized from (-)-2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one in only seven steps. The method involves the novel ring cleavage of epoxide by neighboring participation.

RX(1) OF 6



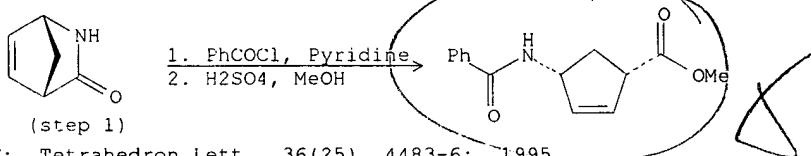
REF: Tetrahedron Lett., 38(11), 1961-1964; 1997  
 NOTE: regioselective, key step

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 8

L34 ANSWER 8 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 123:313409 CASREACT  
 TI Improved procedures for the prepn. of (+)-(1R,2S,4R)-4-amino-2-hydroxy-1-hydroxymethylcyclopentane  
 AU Bray, Brian L.; Dolan, Simon C.; Halter, Bernard; Lackey, J. William;  
 Schilling, Mark B.; Tapolczay, David J.  
 CS Synth. Org. Chem. Dep., Glaxo Res. Inc., Research Triangle Park, NC,  
 27709, USA  
 SO Tetrahedron Lett. (1995), 36(25), 4483-6  
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB Two methods for the stereospecific synthesis of the title compd. are described.

RX(1) OF 30



REF: Tetrahedron Lett., 36(25), 4483-6; 1995  
 NOTE: stereoselective

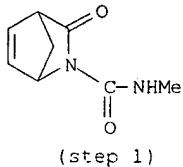
OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

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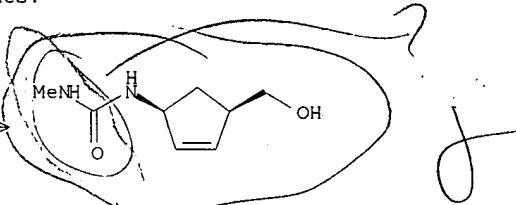
102

L34 ANSWER 9 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 123:199283 CASREACT  
 TI Synthesis of carbocyclic nucleosides from 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-ones: sodium borohydride mediated carbon-nitrogen bond cleavage of five- and six-membered lactams  
 AU Katagiri, Nobuya; Muto, Makoto; Nomura, Masahiro; Higashikawa, Tohru; Kaneko, Chikara  
 CS Pharm. Inst., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, 980, Japan  
 SO Chem. Pharm. Bull. (1991), 39(5), 1112-22  
 CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB Various carbocyclic ribofuranosyl nucleosides were stereoselectively synthesized through a small no. of steps from 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-ones by the use of sodium borohydride-mediated C-N bond cleavage as a key step. Ready availability of a novel synthetic precursor, (.-+.-)-4.beta.-hydroxymethyl-1.beta.-ureidocyclopentane-2.alpha.,3.alpha.-diol [(.-+.-)-carbocyclic ribofuranosylurea], provides not only facile routes to carbocyclic ribofuranosylpyrimidines, but also another route to the corresponding cyclopentylamine, (.-+.-)-1.beta.-amino-4.beta.-hydroxymethylcyclopentane-2.alpha.,3.alpha.-diol [(.-+.-)-carbocyclic ribofuranosylamine], which is useful for the synthesis of the corresponding purine nucleosides.

RX(6) OF 69



1. NaBH<sub>4</sub>, MeOH  
 2. AcOH, MeOH  
 3. AcOEt



REF: Chem. Pharm. Bull., 39(5), 1112-22; 1991  
 NOTE: STEREOSELECTIVE

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 10

L34 ANSWER 10 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 121:231246 CASREACT

TI  $\pi$ -Allylpalladium Formation from Allylic Amines via N,N-Ditosylimides

and N-Tosylamides: Efficient Synthesis of the Antiviral Agent Carbovir

AU Jung, Michael E.; Rhee, Hakjune

CS Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California, Los Angeles, CA, 90024, USA

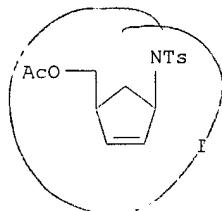
SO J. Org. Chem. (1994), 59(17), 4719-20

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DT Journal

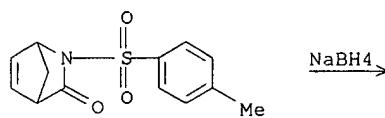
LA English

GI

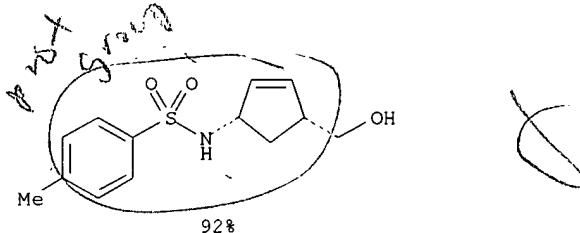


AB Allylic amines can be easily converted into their N,N-ditosylimides, e.g. I, or N-tosylamides which are sufficiently good leaving groups to afford  $\pi$ -allylpalladium complexes and, hence, with nucleophiles, new allylic systems with retention of configuration. The synthetic utility of this process has been demonstrated by an efficient synthesis of the antiviral agent (.-.-)-carbovir from cyclopentadiene in only seven steps and 13% overall yield.

RX(3) OF 20



NaBH4

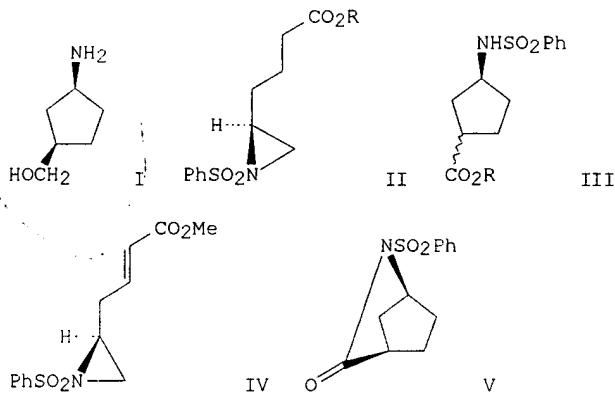


REF: J. Org. Chem., 59(17), 4719-20; 1994

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

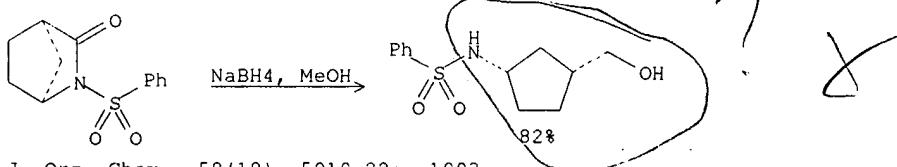
=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 11

L34 ANSWER 11 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 119:271547 CASREACT  
 TI Chirospecific synthesis of (1S,3R)-1-amino-3-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentane, a precursor for carbocyclic nucleoside synthesis. Intramolecular aziridine cyclizations  
 AU Bergmeier, Stephen C.; Lee, Won Koo; Rapoport, Henry  
 CS Dep. of Chem., Univ. California, Berkeley, CA, 94720, USA  
 SO J. Org. Chem. (1993), 58(18), 5019-22  
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



AB Carbocyclic nucleosides are important isosteres of nucleosides that possess a variety of antiviral and antineoplastic activities. A new method is reported for the chirospecific synthesis of (1S,3R)-1-amino-3-hydroxymethylcyclopentane (I), a key precursor for the synthesis of some carbocyclic nucleosides. The method involves (1) the conversion of (S)-aspartic acid to aziridinoester II (R = Me, CMe<sub>3</sub>), (2) anionic cyclization of the ester onto the aziridine ring to form cyclopentane III, and (3) elaboration of the cyclopentane to the target (I). Also investigated was the deconjugative cyclization of an  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsatd. ester onto an aziridine (IV); however, this gave only diene. Aspartic acid was converted to (S)-tert-Bu N-(benzenesulfonyl)-5,6-aziridinohexanoate (II; R = CMe<sub>3</sub>) in 6 steps. Treatment of this aziridine with an amide base caused cyclization to a mixt. of cis and trans isomers III. This mixt. was converted to a single diastereomer by epimerization and trapping of the cis isomer as (1S,4R)-N-(benzenesulfonyl)-2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-3-one (V). Reductive cleavage of the imide followed by removal of the benzenesulfonyl group gave the title compd. I.

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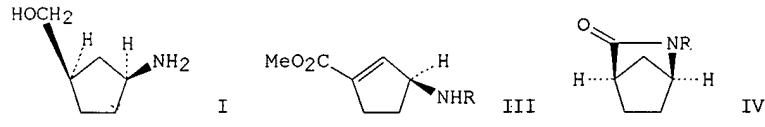


REF: J. Org. Chem., 58(18), 5019-22; 1993

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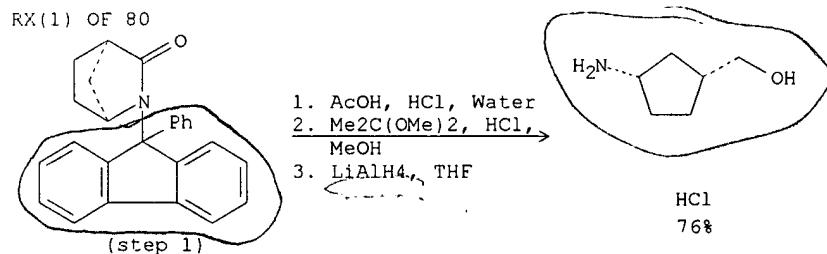
L34 ANSWER 12 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 119:49814 CASREACT  
 TI Chirospecific synthesis of (1S,3R)-1-amino-3-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentane, precursor for carbocyclic nucleoside synthesis. Dieckmann cyclization with an alpha.-amino acid  
 AU Bergmeier, Stephen C.; Cobas, Agustin A.; Rapoport, Henry  
 CS Dep. Chem., Univ. California, Berkeley, CA, 94720, USA  
 SO J. Org. Chem. (1993), 58(9), 2369-76  
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



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Maybe.

AB A new method for the stereospecific synthesis of the title compd. (I) is reported. I is a key precursor for the synthesis of some carbocyclic nucleosides. The method involves (1) an improved synthesis of (S)-2-aminoadipic acid; (2) Dieckmann cyclization of this .alpha.-amino acid to an aminocyclopentanone; and (3) elaboration of the latter to the target I. The starting (S)-2-aminoadipic acid .delta.-Me ester (II) was prep'd. enantiomerically pure from L-aspartic acid in 51% overall yield. Dieckmann condensation converted II to a (methoxycarbonyl)cyclopentanone, and redn. of the ketone followed by elimination yielded cyclopentenecarboxylate III (R = 9-phenyl-9-fluorenyl). Redn. of the double bond gave a mixt. of the cis and trans diastereomers, which was converted to a single diastereomer by epimerization and trapping of the cis isomer as the bicyclic lactam IV. Hydrolytic cleavage of IV followed by redn. gave I.

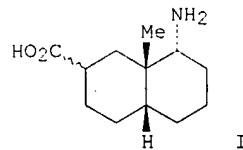


REF: J. Org. Chem., 58(9), 2369-76; 1993

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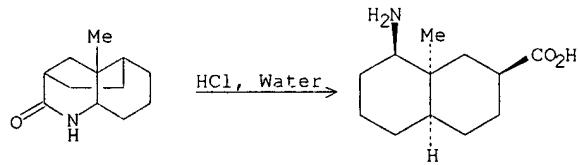
=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 13

L34 ANSWER 13 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 117:130661 CASREACT  
 TI Design and synthesis of intramolecular ion-pairing *cis*-bicyclo[4.4.0]decane (*cis*-decalin) amino acids: conformation-based probes of electrostatic interactions in water  
 AU Beeson, Craig; Dix, Thomas A.  
 CS Dep. Chem. Biol. Chem., Univ. California, Irvine, CA, 92717, USA  
 SO J. Org. Chem. (1992), 57(16), 4386-94  
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



AB The design strategy and synthesis of *cis*-bicyclo[4.4.0]decane (*cis*-decalin) derivs. as conformation-based probes of electrostatic interactions in H<sub>2</sub>O are described. The mols. were designed so that formation of an intramol. electrostatic interaction occurs in only one of two low-energy conformers; hence, the conformational equil. of a given mol. is under control of the electrostatic interaction, which can be detd. accurately with NMR studies. The structural definition inherent to the mols. will enable the thermodn. and kinetics of solvent reorganization, which controls formation of electrostatic interactions in H<sub>2</sub>O, to be probed directly. The first probe, a *cis*-decalin amino acid I designed to evaluate an intramol. ion pair, has been synthesized. The total synthesis was efficient and illustrated many of the strategies and potential pitfalls assoccd. with the prepn. of conformationally flexible ring systems. In particular, the inherent facial selectivity afforded by the shape of the *cis*-decalin, a crit. component of the synthetic design, was reversed in one step in which hydrogen was added from the sterically encumbered concave face of the mol. A *cis*-decalin amino acid of a different stereoelectronic array was also prepd. These mols. are the first examples to emerge from the application of a general design and synthetic strategy that will enable probes for all of the important biol. electrostatic interactions to be constructed. The study of these mols. will provide significant insight into the synergistic role of mol. structure and solvent at controlling electrostatic interactions in H<sub>2</sub>O, an important basis of biol. structure and function.

RX(6) OF 9



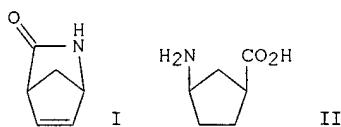
REF: J. Org. Chem., 57(16), 4386-94; 1992

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS



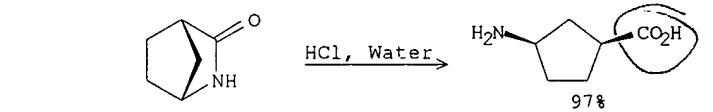
=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 15

L34 ANSWER 15 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 114:246838 CASREACT  
 TI Synthesis of either enantiomer of *cis*-3-aminocyclopentanecarboxylic acid from both enantiomers of racemic 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one  
 AU Evans, Chris; McCague, Ray; Roberts, Stanley M.; Sutherland, Alan G.  
 CS Enzymatix Ltd., Cambridge, CB4 4WE, UK  
 SO J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 (1991), (3), 656-7  
 CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



AB (-)-2-Azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one (I) was converted into (-)-*cis*-3-aminocyclopentanecarboxylic acid (-)-II in 2 and into the enantiomeric (+)-II in 3 steps. Thus, bromination of I with Br<sub>2</sub> in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, debromination with Bu<sub>3</sub>SnH-AIBN in PhMe, followed by hydrolysis with HCl-H<sub>2</sub>O gave (+)-II. Catalytic hydrogenation of I with Pd on C in EtOAc followed by hydrolysis gave (-)-II.

RX(4) OF 7



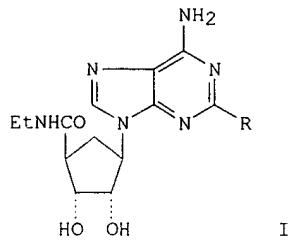
REF: J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1, (3), 656-7; 1991

OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

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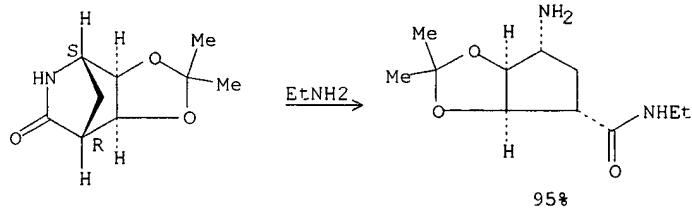
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L34 ANSWER 16 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 113:6725 CASREACT  
 TI A novel and efficient route to chiral 2-substituted carbocyclic  
 5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine (C-NECA)  
 AU Chen, Jen; Grim, Michael; Rock, Caren; Chan, Kenneth  
 CS Pharm. Div., CIBA-GEIGY Corp., Summit, NJ, 07901, USA  
 SO Tetrahedron Lett. (1989), 30(41), 5543-6  
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



AB A series of chiral 2-substituted-carbocyclic-NECA analogs I (R = PhNH, cyclohexylamino, PhCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH, etc.) was prep<sup>d</sup> in seven steps with an efficient resoln. The overall yield is good and can be applied to the other carbocyclic nucleosides.

RX(2) OF 47

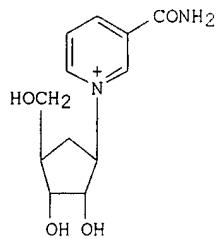


REF: Tetrahedron Lett., 30(41), 5543-6; 1989

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=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 17

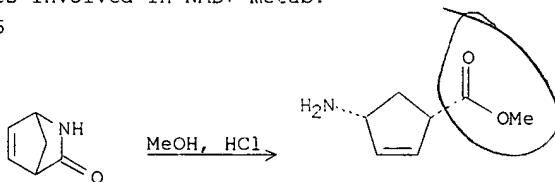
L34 ANSWER 17 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 112:217364 CASREACT  
 TI Synthesis of the two enantiomers of the carbocyclic analog of nicotinamide ribose and analysis of their biological properties  
 AU Ikbal, Mohamed; Cerneau, Claude; Le Goffic, Francois; Sicsic, Sames  
 CS CERCOA, CNRS, Thiais, 94320, Fr.  
 SO Eur. J. Med. Chem. (1989), 24(4), 415-20  
 CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234  
 DT Journal  
 LA French  
 GI



I

AB Enantiomers of the carbocyclic analog of nicotinamide ribose I were prepd. via an enzymic resoln. of the precursor (±)-II using pig liver esterase. (-)-I possessed good and highly specific bactericidal and fungicidal activities. In vivo competition expts. between (-)-I and intermediate mols. of the pyridine nucleotide cycle along with its inhibitory behavior against 2 key enzymes of the NAD<sup>+</sup> metab. were performed and suggested that the target of (-)-I could be one of the enzymes involved in NAD<sup>+</sup> metab.

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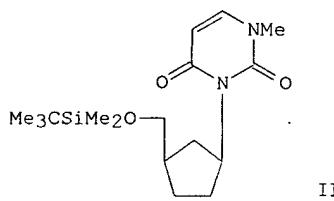
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REF: Eur. J. Med. Chem., 24(4), 415-20; 1989

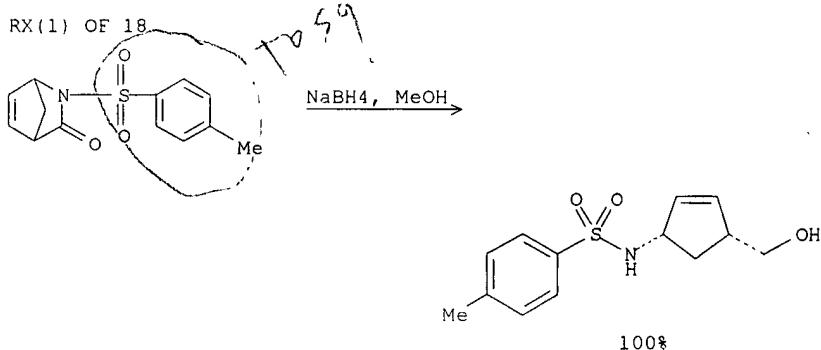
OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

=&gt; d bib abs fcrdref 134 18

L34 ANSWER 18 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 112:36336 CASREACT  
 TI Synthesis of nucleosides and their related compounds. Part 13.  
 Stereospecific synthesis of carbocyclic nucleosides from  
 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-3-ones via sodium borohydride mediated  
 carbon-nitrogen bond cleavage  
 AU Katagiri, Nobuya; Muto, Makoto; Keneko, Chikara  
 CS Pharm. Inst., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, 980, Japan  
 SO Tetrahedron Lett. (1989), 30(13), 1645-8  
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



AB New synthons for carbocyclic nucleosides have been synthesized from 2-azabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-3-one (I), readily available from cyclopentadiene, through introduction of an electron-withdrawing substituent at the 2-position followed by redn. with NaBH4. Thus, uracil II was prep'd. from I in several steps starting with condensation with MeNCO, hydrogenation of the double bond, and cleavage of the CO-N bond with NaBH4.

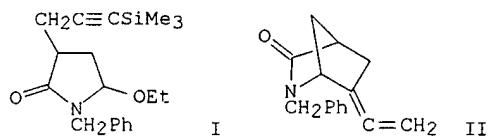


REF: Tetrahedron Lett., 30(13), 1645-8; 1989

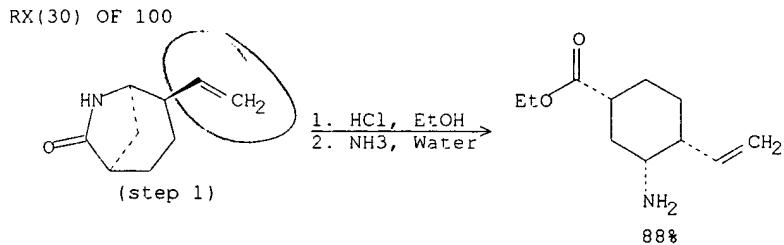
OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

=> d bib abs fcfdref 134 19

L34 ANSWER 19 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AN 111:77830 CASREACT  
TI Silicon-assisted synthesis of bridged azabicyclic systems via  
N-acyliminium intermediates  
AU Klaver, Wim J.; Hiemstra, Henk; Speckamp, W. Nico  
CS Lab. Org. Chem., Univ. Amsterdam, Amsterdam, 1018 WS, Neth.  
SO Tetrahedron (1988), 44(21), 6729-38  
CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020  
DT Journal  
LA English  
GI



AB Intramol. acid-mediated reactions of 2-propynyl- and allylsilanes with five- and six-membered cyclic N-acyliminium ion precursors e.g. I lead to bridged azabicyclic compds. e.g., II. Neat formic acid is the reaction medium of choice in most cases. The cyclization reactions take place with complete regioselectivity. 2-Propynylsilanes are more reactive than allylsilanes. An ordinary olefin reacts poorly. The cyclization products can be useful for the synthesis of .gamma.- and .delta.-amino acids and derivs.

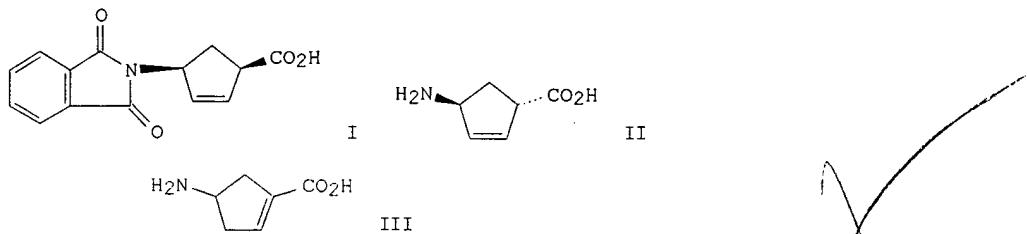


REF: *Tetrahedron*, 44(21), 6729-38; 1988

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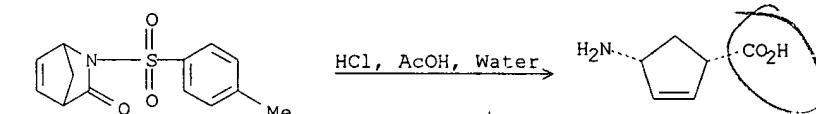
=> d bib abs fcfdref 134 20

L34 ANSWER 20 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
AN 107:39244 CASREACT  
TI .gamma.-Aminobutyric acid. Synthesis of analogs of GABA. XV.  
Preparation and resolution of some potent cyclopentene and cyclopentane  
derivatives  
AU Allan, Robin D.; Fong, Joyce  
CS Dep. Pharmacol., Univ. Sydney, 2006, Australia  
SO Aust. J. Chem. (1986), 39(6), 855-64  
CODEN: AJCHAS; ISSN: 0004-9425  
DT Journal  
LA English  
GI



AB A series of cyclopentene and cyclopentane analogs of GABA were prepd. utilizing a thermal cis-trans isomerization of the phthalimido .beta.,.gamma.-unsatd. acid I as the key step to obtain trans-aminocyclopentenecarboxylic acid II. Resoln. of some of the potent GABA analogs, in particular (+)-(4S)- and (-)-(4R)- aminocyclopentenecarboxylic acid III was achieved by crystn. of isopropylideneribonolactone esters or pantolactone esters of the phthalimido-protected intermediates.

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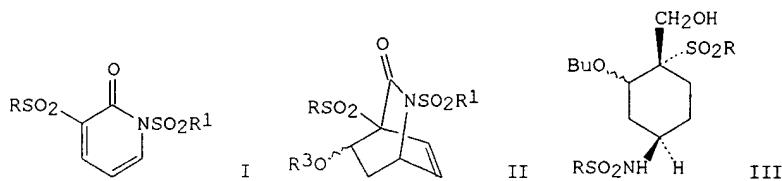
REF: Aust. J. Chem., 39(6), 855-64; 1986

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Maybe.

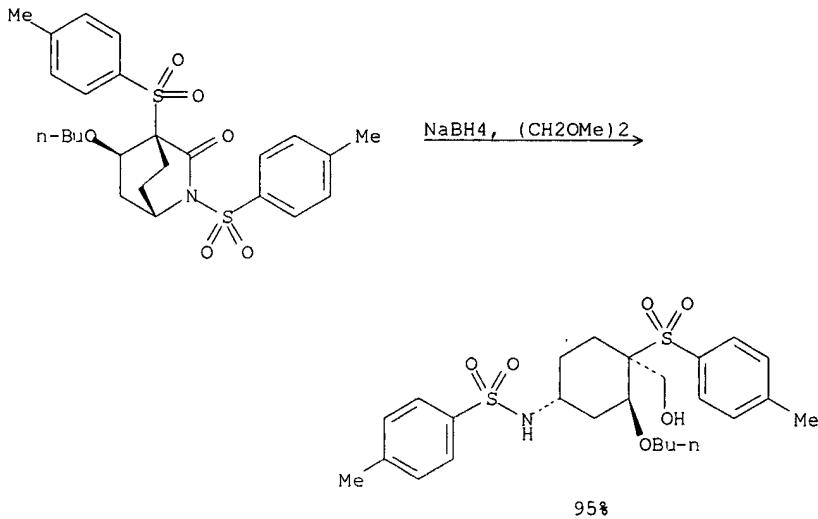
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L34 ANSWER 21 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 107:23211 CASREACT  
 TI Diels-Alder cycloadditions using electrophilic sulfonyl pyridones  
 AU Posner, Gary H.; Switzer, Christopher  
 CS Dep. Chem., Johns Hopkins Univ., Baltimore, MD, 21218, USA  
 SO J. Org. Chem. (1987), 52(8), 1642-4  
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



AB A series of N-sulfonyl-3-p-toluenesulfonyl-2-pyridones I (R = 4-MeC6H4; R1 = 4-R2C6H4, C6F5, CF3, R2 = Me, Br, F, NO2) were prep'd. from 3-bromo-2-pyridone. Several of the electrophilic pyridones I reacted with R3OCH:CH2 (R3 = Et, Bu) between 25-100. $^{\circ}$ C to produce unsatd., bridged, bicyclic lactams II. At 5-7 kbar of pressure, such inverse-electron-demand Diels-Alder cycloaddns. proceeded smoothly at 25-50. $^{\circ}$ C. forming cycloadducts II (R1 = 4-MeC6H4, R3 = Bu; R1 = C6F5, R3 = Et) in a regiospecific and stereoselective manner. Catalytic redn. of the ethylenic bridge of bicyclic lactam II (R1 = 4-MeC6H4, R3 = Bu) followed by reductive cleavage by NaBH4 formed. Functionalized aminocyclohexane III (R = 4-MeC6H4).

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REF: J. Org. Chem., 52(8), 1642-4; 1987

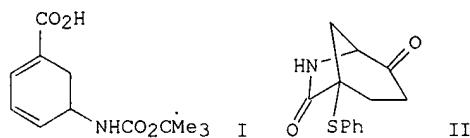
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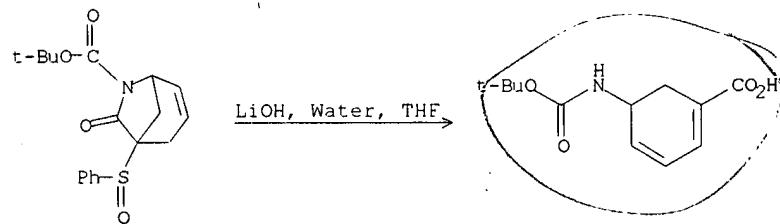
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L34 ANSWER 22 OF 22 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 AN 106:18221 CASREACT  
 TI Regioselective synthesis of (.-.-)-gabaculine  
 AU Hiemstra, Henk; Klaver, Wim J.; Speckamp, W. Nico  
 CS Lab. Org. Chem., Univ. Amsterdam, Amsterdam, 1018 WS, Neth.  
 SO Tetrahedron Lett. (1986), 27(12), 1411-14  
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 GI



AB The gabaculine intermediate I was prep'd. from 5-ethoxy-2-pyrrolidinone via the diketone II whose monotosylhydrazone was subjected to oxidative ring cleavage.

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REF: Tetrahedron Lett., 27(12), 1411-14; 1986

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